



Principles, Products & Applications











A division of
A division of
B UILDING PRODUCTS



Helifix repair and reinforcement products, with their concealed non-disruptive installation techniques, help to preserve our built environment. They secure and strengthen all masonry structures, from houses and offices to factories and heritage sites. Our innovative systems not only restore structural integrity in weakened masonry by overcoming virtually all commonly occurring faults, they can also be used to improve the existing performance of our buildings, offering increased protection against seismic activity and other movement threats.

Wherever possible, repair and refurbishment is increasingly seen as a more sustainable option than demolition in terms of architectural value, materials usage, overall cost and environmental impact.

Contents

About Helifix	4
- Innovation	6
- Range of Applications	8
- Strategies	10
Applications	12
- Retrofitting Wall Ties, Crack Stitching	13
- Tying Walls to Floor and Roof Joists,	
Reconnecting Separated Walls, Creating Masonry Beams,	
Repairing Masonry Arches	14
- Adding Strength and Ductility, Tying Corners,	
Tying Veneers to New Structural Walls	15
- Creating Movement Joints	15
Products	16
- HeliBeam	17
- HeliBar	18
- Crack Stitching	19
- DryFix, Render Pin, Asymmetric Tie	20
- BowTie	22
- CemTie, DryLink, PatchPin	23
- ResiTie, RetroTie	24
- StarTie, TurboFast, Render Mesh	25
- HeliBond, Concrete Crack Injection, CrackBond TE	
EpoxyPlus TE	26
- EpoxyPlus EX	27
- Tools and Accessories	28
Installation	30
- Concrete Patching	31
- Crack Stitching	32
- Creating Masonry Beams	38
- Lintel Repair	40
- Masonry Arch Pinning	42
- Creating Movement joints	43
- Parapet Repair	45
- Tying Walls to loists	46
- Pinning Rubble-Filled Walls	48
- Render Pinning	49
- Wall Tie Retrofit	50
- Reconnecting Walls	57
- Tying New Build Walls	59
- Constructing a Tied Arch Lintel	62



About Helifix



Helifix is the market leader in the design and manufacture of specialist helical wall ties, fixings and masonry repair systems. We are a technically-led organisation with an on-going product development programme backed by thorough independent testing.

Helifix has been at the forefront of technical innovation in the design and manufacture of construction ties, fixings and masonry repair systems for nearly 30 years. During this time we have built an enviable reputation for product quality, engineering excellence and customer service and support.

Our ties and fixings are precision engineered to our own unique Hi-Fin helical design and manufactured to ISO9001:2008 quality assured standards in our UK-based factory. Our non-disruptive and concealed repair strategies and techniques enable the repair and strengthening of existing masonry to be done sympathetically, avoiding expensive rebuilding and sustaining the existing built environment.

Helifix is part of the Construction Accessories division of CRH plc, the international building materials group. We have dedicated offices in the UK, USA, Australia and New Zealand, and affiliated distributors around the globe. Our products and construction techniques are used widely, in all types of structures from houses and tower blocks to churches, bridges and chimneys, and have produced cost-effective, non-disruptive solutions for all forms of masonry stabilisation in existing structures and secure, lasting connections in new build applications. Our products and techniques are highly regarded, well recognised and well proven through a long history of worldwide use.



HELIFIX

HELIFIX TIES AND FIXINGS ARE:

- Austenitic stainless steel
- Simple one-piece products
- Purpose-designed for specific applications
- Precision engineered to a unique helical Hi-Fin design
- Independently tested and approved • Manufactured to ISO 9001:2008 quality
- assured standards in own UK-based factory • Backed by technical support
- Flexible to accommodate normal structural
- movement
- Rapidly and easily installed • Fully concealed once installed
- Able to produce excellent holding power in brick, block, stone, concrete, timber and local materials
- Suitable for most types of masonry structures from housing to tower blocks, churches to bridges
- Ideal for historic and listed buildings
- High quality, effective, reliable and economical

HELIFIX CHEMICALS ARE:

- Manufactured to ISO 9001:2008 guality controlled standards
- · Provided with full material and technical support

SERVICE AND AVAILABILITY

All products are available for prompt delivery to site or office direct from Helifix. We are pleased to offer help and advice on the selection of the most suitable products and construction techniques for individual circumstances. We support our products with complete technical information and instruct on the correct installation of all the systems supplied.

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carried out in the USA.

CHRYSLER BUILDING,

UK & EIRE

PORTUCAL

NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM, LONDON, UK

CANADA

USA

A number of cracked and failed window arches in the offices and storage facilities of this listed building were sympathetically repaired and restored internally using the Helibeam System.

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Innovation

Since its inception, Helifix has been recognised as a leader in the design and engineering of innovative construction ties, fixings and reinforcements. Helifix was the originator of the revolutionary one-piece stainless steel helical tie which has become an accepted standard for the industry, and formed the basis of a comprehensive range of special purpose new build and remedial products. These original designs, and their associated concealed, non-disruptive, installation techniques, provide many outstanding benefits, from the simplicity of their design to ease of installation and long term performance. They combine the required strength with flexibility, durability and great holding power in all commonly used building materials. They provide cost-effective, sympathetic solutions for all forms of masonry stabilisation in remedial situations and secure, lasting connections in new build applications.





1995

After exhibiting at a show in Prague, Helifix appoints an agent in Czech Republic and Helifix CZ is still going strong.

enhancement Helifix systems provided on

full scale brick arches, forming the basis for

our bridge repair programme.



RetroTie, the first stainless steel

helical remedial wall tie is launched.

1992 Helifix Australia begins trading. The Helibeam System of structural beaming is developed, working with the BRE, Middlesex University, Curtins Consulting Engineers, and first used at RAF Northolt, UK. UK factory obtains ISO9001 approval.

1984 1984.

Helifix founded in the UK 12 March 1984. The unique helical Hi-Fin design is developed and testing is carried out by Oxford Polytechnic – now Oxford Brookes University, UK. The first tie, made from thin wall copper tube, is launched.

1994 1995 1996	1993	1992	1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	
1996		92	199			88	19			84	198			
1996 articipate in trials at the Transport h Laboratory in the UK for bridge epair techniques and measure the	l Researd	1994 remedial, o grouts aunched.	rinciple of a r æd tie, with n or resins, is la	The DryFix pr echanically fixe	n	1988 exhibition mingham.	it Interbuild e in Bin	attends its fire	Helifix	1985 e tie and s steel, is veloped.	timber fram from stainles de	, a new build e first made	TimTie th	

1990

1987

InSkew warm roof batten fixing developed in collaboration with Celotex insulation.

1986

Factory is set up in Tyne & Wear, UK.

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Formal offices are established at

Shepherds Bush Green, London.

First major remedial wall tie project using RetroTies on 1500 houses in UK.



HELIFIX

Research and Development

Until 1984, when the Building Research Establishment (UK) published a paper on the 'Performance Specification for Wall Ties', there had been no examination of the performance requirements of wall ties and no basis for their design and testing. Mild steel twist ties were weak and subject to corrosion, while remedial ties were based on masonry fixings and in many cases were often ineffective or, due to their rigidity, actually caused further masonry damage by creating additional stresses and cracking.

Recognising the need for a purposedesigned wall tie, Helifix engineered an entirely new style of remedial tie, using austenitic stainless steel, with a unique helical shape. A non-expansion mechanical resin fixing, this new tie was very strong axially, to resist wind suction, yet sufficiently flexible to accommodate natural building movement, introducing no additional stresses by avoiding expansion. An on-going programme of research and development has, over the years, produced a variety of innovative ties, fixings and repair systems. These include: RetroTie, the first stainless steel remedial helical wall tie; InSkew, a high performance, self-tapping warm roof batten fixing; TurboFast, a multipurpose timber to masonry flush fixing; DryFix, a rapidly installed remedial wall tie, requiring no grouts, resins or mechanical expansion, that uses a specially developed power-driven tool for a recessed installation; the Helibeam System of structural beaming, using existing masonry, that reinforces the structure, spreads loads and minimises the need for mass underpinning.



All Helifix products have undergone extensive independent testing at universities in the UK, Australia, New Zealand and around the world, and at well recognised bodies such as the BRE, TRADA and the TRL. Full details of the complete test programme are available on our website. Furthermore, Helifix products are manufactured to exacting standards in Helifix's UK factory, under the ISO 9001 quality assurance scheme, ensuring high levels of quality control and traceability.

> 2009 Helifix, Inc. is set up and the North American business is moved from Toronto to new premises in Streetsboro, Ohio, USA.

2010

2012

Helifix Group is acquired by CRH plc, the international

building materials group.

Helifix NZ is established just months prior to the disastrous Christchurch earthquake in February 2011.



2005 Management buy-out of Helifix from the original shareholders.

2001

Start offering a range of Helifix products in India following Gujarat earthquake, in particular for heritage buildings and bridges.

1998 It used

HeliBar reinforcement used extensively during construction of the Holm Bush athletes village for the Sydney Olympics. Helifix offices move to Warple Way, London. Helifix North America Corporation, based in Toronto, begins trading, First major bridge contract to secure the 18 arch Chelmsford Viaduct.

1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
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		.00			4									\angle	

2006

Introduction of the InSkew and HeliBar 'Super 6' high performance 6mm diameter.

2008 Obtain European CE marking approval for several key products.



1999

Significant overseas contract to repair a multi-storey housing complex in Gibraltar.

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Range of Applications





Residential, Western Australia DryFix installation to resist high-wind loading

RESIDENTIAL

Helifix systems can be applied to a range of problems that often trouble residential buildings, including masonry cracking, failed wall ties, sagging lintels, bowing and separated walls, and subsidence related problems.

Masonry cracking and failure have many causes, and may contribute to problems varying from the purely aesthetic to structural, so it is important that the cause is identified and the design and implementation of appropriate remedial work is carried out.



Historic bridge, Christchurch, NZ Longitudinal crack repair schedule

BRIDGES AND TUNNELS

Seismic events, age, weathering and increasing loads and stresses have, in numerous cases, led to problems on many masonry arch bridges and tunnels around Australasia. Many are historic structures and urgently require structural repairs and strengthening.

Following extensive research at the TRL in the UK, Helifix has developed a range of innovative solutions for the maintenance and strengthening of brick and stone masonry bridges, viaducts and tunnels.



Historic terraces, Christchurch, NZ DryFix cavity wall tie retrofit

HISTORIC STRUCTURES

Historic and listed buildings require reliable and sympathetic solutions that leave the structure secured but visually unaltered. Helifix has considerable experience of working with conservation professionals and bodies and on projects involving lime mortars, weak and unusual materials.

Helifix solutions retain the existing masonry and, due to the fully concealed nature of the products, leave the structure visually unmarked.



AUSTRALIA Tel: +61 1300 66 70 71 Web: www.helifix.com.au Helifix construction ties, fixings, repair and reinforcing systems provide secure, lasting connections in all forms of brick, block, concrete, stone and timber as well as traditional local building materials, and have proven effective in virtually every type of masonry structure from medieval churches to modern tower blocks, bridges and tunnels to domestic housing.



High rise, Sydney, Australia DryFix and RetroTie wall tie retrofit

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

Low and high rise offices, factories, warehouses, pumping stations, schools, hospitals and museums are just some of the commercial and public buildings that have benefitted from the use of Helifix systems.

In most cases, such buildings need to remain fully operational throughout the contract period. With rapid installation and the vast majority of work being undertaken externally, Helifix is able to keep disruption to an absolute minimum.



Hospital, Sydney, Australia New build HeliBar

NEW BUILD

Helifix has developed highly regarded special purpose new build ties.

StarTie is an easy-to-use new build cavity and veneer wall tie.

TurboFast is a versatile multi-purpose headless fixing for securing timber or MDF to bricks, blocks and concrete in numerous situations.

HeliBar reinforcement helps new build masonry resist cracking and enables the construction of unusual masonry features.



Concrete Shear Wall, Christchurch, NZ DryFix wall tie retrofit

SEISMIC RETROFIT

Upgrading buildings to meet seismic demands requires multi-faceted solutions and input from suitably qualified professionals.

Helifix remedial wall tie systems are used in seismic retrofit projects to tie masonry together or façades to structural elements, and to complement other retrofit solutions.

HeliBar bed-joint reinforcement is used to add strength and ductility.



Strategies

Masonry may deteriorate, crack, delaminate and fail for a variety of reasons. Most problems can be overcome by using various combinations of Helifix's extremely versatile and adaptable remedial ties, fixings and masonry reinforcement products. Highlighted below are problems that affect every type of commercial and residential property of all ages and construction, together with commonly-used repair and reinforcement solutions. The illustration shows a two storey building of mixed veneer and solid masonry wall construction with a mono-pitch roof, and strategies for repairing common faults like cracked masonry, cracked concrete, separated walls and walls suffering from failed, omitted or inadequate wall ties. Also shown are a number of reinforcing applications which may complement or form part of wider strengthening projects.

Clearly there are other situations not shown here, such as separated cornices, blown render and many more besides. By using appropriate combinations of Helifix ties, fixings and reinforcing rods virtually any situation can be resolved, so do not hesitate to call us to discuss your particular problem.



Tying walls

Remedial wall ties are installed to tie masonry leaves together or veneers to internal structural frames. Depending on construction type and site conditions, DryFix ties may be driven directly into each leaf, via a small pilot hole, to provide a completely dry connection; or ResiTies may be bonded into clearance holes to provide a resinbased fix at both ends of each installed tie; or RetroTies may be driven into a pilot hole in the remote leaf, via a clearance hole in the near leaf into which they are resin bonded, to provide a dry/resin combination fix.



HELIFIX

10



2 Tying corners

Lengths of HeliBar are bent and bonded into slots cut into the near and return wall at predetermined intervals with HeliBond grout.



3 Tying masonry to new concrete

DryFix ties are installed directly into the wall via a small pilot hole. The tail of the tie is left exposed to be covered by the newly applied concrete.



5 Tying intersecting walls

CemTies are installed simultaneously with HeliBond grout into angled clearance holes drilled through the external wall and into the internal wall to the required depth.



6 Tying walls to joist sides

BowTie HDs are inserted through clearance holes in the masonry and power driven through the first and second joists (and third, if required) before the outer end is bonded into the masonry with EpoxyPlus resin.



4 Repairing brick arch lintels

Parallel lengths of HeliBar reinforcement are bonded into the specified cut slots directly above the existing lintel. Angled CemTies or DryFix ties are installed through the lintel and into the masonry above the lower HeliBars.



Pinning multi-leaf masonry

DryFix ties, CemTies or ResiTies, depending on requirements, are installed directly into the wall at regular intervals. DryFix ties are driven directly into the wall, via small pilot holes. CemTies and ResiTies are installed into clearance holes with HeliBond grout or EpoxyPlus resin respectively.



8 Creating masonry beams

Parallel lengths of HeliBar reinforcement are bonded into predetermined cut slots (normally cut into the mortar beds) using HeliBond grout to form deep masonry beams which distribute the building loads. Helibeams may be used to resist both vertical and lateral loads.



9 Concrete Crack injection

CrackFix resin is injected directly into the crack via injection ports that are affixed to the wall. The ports are mechanically removed from the wall once the resin has cured.



Crack stitching

Lengths of HeliBar extending 500mm either side of the crack are bonded into slots normally cut into the mortar beds, using HeliBond grout. Where cracks are less than 500mm from an external corner or an opening, at least 100mm of HeliBar should be bent round the corner and bonded into the return wall or bent and fixed into the reveal, avoiding any DPC membrane.



Reconnecting walls

Predetermined slots on the internal wall are channelled out to the specified length into the corner. Angled holes of I 0mm are drilled from the corner into the external wall. Single lengths of HeliBar are bent to shape with the angled end bonded into the hole with EpoxyPlus resin and the remainder grouted with HeliBond cementitious grout into the internal wall.



10 Parapet repairs

CemTies are installed simultaneously with HeliBond grout into clearance holes drilled down into the wall to the required depth. Parallel lengths of HeliBar reinforcement are bonded into predetermined cut slots (normally cut into the mortar beds) with HeliBond grout to tie the masonry together and form masonry beams. DryFix ties and BowTies are installed wherever possible to tie the masonry to joists and timber frames to complement and further reinforce any other lateral restraint systems used.

For more information please visit: **www.helifix.com.au** or

www.helifix.co.nz



Applications

Helifix remedial products are extremely versatile and have wide ranging applications. This means that individually or in combination they are able to provide rapid, reliable and cost-effective solutions to virtually all commonly occurring structural faults. Furthermore they do so in a sympathetic and non-disruptive manner that leaves the structure visually unaltered but fully stabilised.

> Full details of all applications and repairs are available at: www.helifix.com.au and www.helifix.co.nz





Retrofitting wall ties

Wall tie failure and inadequacy, if not addressed, can lead to catastrophic collapse. Wall tie corrosion is a common cause of wall tie failure in coastal areas. Walls suffering from failed, omitted or inadequate wall tie systems are most vulnerable during high winds and seismic events.

There are Helifix remedial ties for all situations and materials. DryFix ties are probably the quickest and most cost-effective ties available. Requiring no grouts or resins, they are simply power-driven into both leaves, via a small pilot hole, using a special attachment which leaves the tie recessed below the face. RetroTies are dry-fixed in the far leaf and resin bonded at the outer end and ResiTies are resin-bonded at both ends.

Products required: **DryFix** - page 20 **RetroTie** - p24 **ResiTie** - p24 Repair Details: RT01 - RT09

Crack stitching

Helifix crack stitching provides a quick, simple, effective and permanent means of stabilising cracked masonry. Installation involves bonding stainless steel HeliBars into appropriate bed joints or cut slots in bricks, blocks or stonework, using HeliBond cementitious grout.

HeliBar and HeliBond combine to produce an excellent bond within the substrate, resisting tensile loads and minimising any future development of the crack, which may occur with simple injection methods. With this concealed non-disruptive method no additional stresses are introduced as the HeliBars are flexible enough to accommodate normal building movement.

Products required: **HeliBar** - page 18 **HeliBond** - p26 Repair Details: CS01 - CS14





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13



Tying walls to floor and roof joists

Strengthening and bowed wall rectification projects require walls to be connected to roof and floor diaphragms. BowTies are used to secure walls to internal floor or roof joists.

Easy external installation means minimal inconvenience for the occupants while providing an unobtrusive connection with no external plates. Standard BowTies are used when securing the wall into joist ends and BowTies HDs when mechanically connecting to two or three parallel joists. The BowTie is inserted through a clearance hole in the wall and power-driven into position before being resin bonded into the masonry.

Products required: **BowTie** - page 22 Repair Details: RB01 - RB06



Reconnecting separated walls

Cracked internal walls which have separated from the main outer walls can be repaired and reconnected both internally and externally.

From the exterior, long series grouted CemTies are installed, at a slight angle, through the external brick or stone wall and into the internal wall, stitching cracks and holding the two walls together. Internal repairs involve drilling angled clearance holes into the exterior wall at the junction of the two walls into which HeliBar ends are bonded before being grouted into cut slots along the internal wall.

Products required: **HeliBar** - page 18 **CemTie** - p23 Repair Details: RW01 - RW06





Creating masonry beams

The Helibeam System uses pairs of long HeliBars bonded with HeliBond grout into cut slots to form deep masonry beams from the existing masonry. These masonry beams reinforce and stabilise the existing masonry while redistributing the structural loads. Their composite action provides great strength combined with structural flexibility, while other ties and fixings provide appropriate lateral and vertical restraint.

Helibeam creation is fast and uncomplicated and used to add strength, ductility and resilience to unreinforced masonry. Beams may be created to provide structural support to failed lintels, unstable, weak, vulnerable or weathered masonry, or masonry stressed by building subsidence.

Products required: **Helibeam System** - page 17 Repair Details: LB01 - LB05

Repairing masonry arches

The versatile Helibeam System can be used to reinstate the structural integrity of all forms of arches from doorways and lintels to tunnels and bridges.

With smaller arches, stability is provided by installing CemTies or DryFix ties up and through the arch masonry. There are numerous problems relating to masonry arch bridge repair. Helifix has a comprehensive range of solutions for a variety of different situations and problems. These are listed on our website.

Products required: **Helibeam** - page 17 **CemTie** - p23 **DryFix** - p20 Repair Details: MA01 - MA08

15

Adding strength and ductility

Improving the ability of buildings and building elements to deform without collapsing is an important part of seismic strengthening programmes. HeliBar bonded with HeliBond grout into slots cut into masonry can help improve ductility by holding the masonry together and distributing stresses over larger areas.

HeliBar installation is fast and uncomplicated, and requires minimal disruption and architectural alteration. HeliBars are manufactured from stainless steel for high corrosion resistence, and may be bent and manipulated on site to provide additional anchorage where required and to follow contours and corners. The Hi-Fin helical profile ensures excellent mechanical bonding with HeliBond cementitious gout over short distances.

Products required: HeliBar - page 18

Securing Parapet Walls

There are multiple parapet wall constructions, on building roofs and bridges, with both cavity and solid walls being common. If they are cracked or unstable they can be repaired, strengthened and reconnected using a combination of Helifix remedial products.

Generally, masonry beams are created using the existing substrate, even on curved parapets, together with lateral masonry tying. In addition, grouted CemTies are normally installed vertically down through the coping stones into both masonry leaves and at an angle though the wall to secure it to the roof or bridge deck.

Products required: Helibeam System - page 17 CemTie - page 23 Repair Details: PW01 - PW03

Tying veneers to new structural walls

Walls may need to be replaced and others added to achieve numerous objectives. In many cases, internal or structural masonry walls may need to be replaced or strengthened to improve seismic performance.

Helifix remedial ties are effective in bricks, blocks, concrete, hard mortar and timber and can be used to tie a variety of different materials together. DryFix ties, for instance, can be used to tie timber to masonry or masonry to new structural concrete.

Products required: **DryFix** - page 20 Repair Details: RT01 - RT09

Creating movement joints

Where movement joints have been omitted and masonry cracking has resulted, Helifix has a simple cost-effective solution.

Short HeliBars are resin bonded across a new movement joint, with a plastic sleeve on alternate ends, to create an effective, low cost solution.

Products required: **HeliBar** - page 18 **DryFix** - page 20 Repair Details: MJ01 - MJ03

Full details of all applications and strategies are available at: www.helifix.com.au or www.helifix.co.nz









HELIFIX

Products

Helifix ties and fixings are made from high tensile Grade 304 or 316 stainless steel to a unique helical design. This creates a slim profile with a large surface area that ensures a secure and lasting connection, with or without grouts or resins, in bricks, blocks, stone, concrete and timber as well as local building materials. It also means all products have great axial strength combined with flexibility which allows natural structural movement and avoids the introduction of any additional stresses.

The following pages outline the applications and benefits of the Helifix product range. Full product details and installation instructions, can be found at: www.helifix.com.au/products and www.helifix.co.nz/products



Helibeam System

The Helibeam System uses pairs of long HeliBars bonded with HeliBond grout into cut slots to form deep masonry beams from the existing masonry.

These masonry beams reinforce and stabilise the existing masonry while redistributing the structural loads. Their composite action provides great strength combined with structural flexibility, while other ties and fixings provide appropriate lateral and vertical restraint.

- Effectively restores structural stability
- Extremely cost-effective
- Supports and distributes structural loads
- No further stresses introduced
- Accommodates normal structural movement

Helibeam creation is fast and uncomplicated and used to add strength, ductility and resilience to unreinforced masonry. Beams may be created to provide structural support to failed lintels, unstable, weak, vulnerable or weathered masonry, or masonry stressed by building subsidence.

- Greatly simplifies lintel and window replacement
- Avoids expensive and disruptive dismantling and rebuilding
- Effective in all masonry structures

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	Austenitic stainless steel Grade 316 HeliBar as standard (Grade 304 available)
Diameter	6.0mm (4.5, 8.0 and 10.0mm available)
Stock Length	Up to 7m.
Required Length	To suit. HeliBars may be overlapped to suit spans in excess of 7m.
Bonding agent	HeliBond Cementitious Grout

Relevant repair details: LB01 to LB04. Selected details on pages 38-39. All details available at: **www.helifix.com.au** or **www.helifix.co.nz**





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17





HeliBar

HeliBar is a helical stainless steel reinforcing bar used for strengthening and stabilising new build and existing masonry. HeliBar starts as round stainless steel wire with a typical 0.2% proof stress of 500MPa but after the cold forming manufacturing process that creates the helical design, this increases to around 1000MPa.

HeliBars provide substantial tensile properties to masonry when bonded with HeliBond grout, which is able to lock tightly between the fins and to the masonry. Consequently, HeliBars have a variety of remedial and new build applications.

CHARACTERISTIC MATERIAL PROPERTIES

- Crack stitching
- Forming deep masonry beams
- Tying corners and wall junctions
- Reconnecting separated walls
- Lintel stabilisation and creation
- Horizontal structural restraint
- Reinforcing new build masonry
- Providing seismic upgrades

HeliBar Diameter	4.5mm	6.0mm	SuperSix	8.0mm	10.0mm
Product Code	HBR45	HBR60	HBR60S	HBR80	HBR10
Cross Sectional Area (mm ²)	5.6	8.1	9.4	10.0	15.0
Stock Length (m)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Pitch (mm)	25	29	30	39	45
Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)	I 400	1112	1200	1100	1088
Tensile Strength (kN)	8.0	9.5	11.2	11.4	16.7
0.2% Proof Stress (MPa)	1150	840	1000	860	770
Shear Strength — Averaged (MPa)	900	650	770	700	750
Grade of Stainless Steel	ASTM304	ASTM316	ASTM304	ASTM316	ASTM316
Weight (g/m)	53	58	73	80	120



Belifix

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STEP I Cut slots into the masonry to a minimum of 500mm either side of the crack and to the specified depth.



STEP 2 Clean out slots with a blow pump and apply HeliPrimer WB or flush with water.



STEP 3 Using a Helifix Pointing Gun, inject a bead of HeliBond to the back of the slot.



STEP 4 Using a finger trowel, or similar, push the HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.

STEP 6 Repoint the mortar bed with a suitable

mortar and make good the vertical crack with an

epoxy-based weatherproof filler, e.g. CrackBond TE.



STEP 5 Insert a further bead of HeliBond over the exposed HeliBar, finishing 10-15mm from the face, and 'iron' into the slot using a finger trowel.

SPECIFICATION NOTES

- A. HeliBar diameter 6mm as standard.
- B. Depth of slot and slot spacing as below.
- C. Height of slot to equal mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. HeliBar to be long enough to extend a minimum of 500mm either side of the crack or 500mm beyond the outer cracks if two or more adjacent cracks are being stitched using one rod.
- E. For solid masonry in excess of 230mm and in a cavity wall where both leaves are cracked, the wall must be crack stitched on both sides.
- F. Where a crack is less than 500mm from the end of a wall or an opening, the HeliBar is to be continued for at least 200mm around the corner and bonded into the adjoining wall or bent back and fixed into the reveal, avoiding any DPC.

SLOT DEPTH AND VERTICAL SPACING

	Single Leaf	Solid / Multi-Leaf Masonry				
	Single Lear	Up to 110mm	110 to 230mm	Over 230mm		
Slot Depth	25–3	5mm	25–40mm	25–40mm On both sides		
Vertical Spacing	Every 4 brick courses (340mm approx.)					

Relevant repair details: CS01to CS14. Selected details on pages 33-37. All details available at: **www.helifix.com.au** or **www.helifix.co.nz**



Crack Stitching

Crack Stitching is a method of repairing and stabilising cracked masonry using HeliBars bonded into cut slots with HeliBond cementitious grout.

Masonry may move and crack as a result of movement in foundation soils, seismic activity and cyclical wet and dry, hot and cold environmental conditions. Crack Stitching reintroduces structural integrity and redistributes structural loads for a quick, simple, effective and permanent solution.

- Quick, simple, effective and permanent
- More effective in brick/block masonry than simple crack injection
- Suitable for all types of masonry including listed and historic structures and those with lime mortar
- Fully concealed, non-disruptive repair system
- Stainless steel HeliBars and non-shrink HeliBond grout combine to create excellent tensile strength within the masonry
- Tensile loads are redistributed along the masonry
- Masonry remains flexible enough to accommodate natural building movement

BONDING ACENT

• HeliBond cementitious grout





DryFix

DryFix is a versatile and rapidly installed mechanical pinning and remedial tying system that requires no resin, grout or mechanical expansion.

APPLICATIONS

- Replacement wall tie
- Securing multiple layers of masonry
- Pinning delicate masonry features
- Pinning render and thin panels
- Seismic retrofit of masonry walls

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Austenitic stainless steel tie
- Slim, self-tapping, one-piece design
- Hi-Fin helical profile for optimal mechanical connection
- Flexibility to accommodate natural building movement
- Highly economical and easy to install
- Far and near leaf security of fixing easily proof tested
- Multiple drip points prevent cross-cavity water transfer
- Leaves masonry virtually unmarked
- Minimal inconvenience to occupants

BONDING ACENT

• None required

INSTALLATION

EXAMPLE Tying a cavity wall



STEP I Drill a small pilot hole, typically 5mm diameter, using a rotary percussion drill, 3-jaw-chuck type.



STEP 2 Load a DryFix tie into a Power Driver Attachment fitted to an SDS hammer drill.



STEP 3 Support the Power Driver Attachment with one hand, leaving the other to operate the drill, and drive the tie into the hole until the outer end is fully recessed below the face of the masonry.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Diameter	8mm standard (10mm and Asymmetric DryFix available)
Stock Lengths	50 — 400mm
Required Length	Near leaf thickness less 10mm + cavity width + far leaf penetration, typically 70mm (Refer to Installation Detail for further instruction)
Depth of pilot hole	Length of DryFix + 10mm
Bonding agent	None required

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DryFix render & thin panel pin

Short DryFix versions (including 50, 70 and 90mm) are available for re-pinning separated, unstable and potentially dangerous loose render and thin panels. DryFix may also be used to secure Helifix stainless steel render mesh. **REFERENCE Detail RP01**



REFERENCE Detail RT06



Solid (multi-leaf) masonry REFERENCE Detail RT05



Veneer – Timber Frame REFERENCE Detail RT08



Stone – Concrete using asymmetric DryFix REFERENCE Detail RT04

Asymmetric DryFix

A special asymmetric DryFix version is available for particular applications. The asymmetric tie has a long standard diameter section and a short reduced diameter section. The asymmetric DryFix tie is ideally suited to securing soft or delicate near leaf materials to a hard far leaf material, such as concrete or hard brick.



Veneer – Steel Frame using DryFix and DryLink **REFERENCE Detail RP09**









CHARACTERISTIC MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Grade of Stainless Steel*	Diameter (mm)	Length* (mm)	Cross Sectional Area (mm ²)	Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)	UTS (kN)	0.2% Proof Stress (MPa)	Shear Strength (Averaged) (MPa)	Product Code
ASTM 316	8.0	50 — 400	10.0	1100	11.4	860	700	HDF80
ASTM 316	10.0	155 — 500	15.0	1088	16.7	770	750	HDF10
ASTM 316	10.0 / 8.0	155 — 325						HDFAS

*NOTE Other lengths and Grade 304 stainless steel option available on request.

CHARACTERISTIC PERFORMANCE DATA

AS/NZS2699.1 Type B Remedial Classification (8.0mm Tie)*

Test Type (Connection type)	Cavity Width (mm)	Axial Stiffness (kN/mm)	Axial Strength (kN)	Residual Strength (kN)	Classification*
Type B Remedial Tie (Drive-in connection to brick at both ends of the tie)	75	0.61	1.902	2.321	Earthquake Heavy Duty, for cavity 75mm

*NOTE Standard AS/NZS2699.1 Type B classification does not strictly apply. AS/NZS2699.1 Type B pertains to veneer tie classification only. Remedial cavity wall tie tests performed in accordance with AS/NZS2699.1 Type B in the absence of any other suitable remedial seismic standard. **REFERENCE** Remedial Wall Tie Information Sheet

Relevant repair details: RT01 to RT09. Selected details on pages 49-56. All details available at: **www.helifix.com.au** or **www.helifix.co.nz**

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21







BowTie

BowTie is a wall tie system for connecting masonry walls to internal timber joists. BowTie HDs are used when tying to parallel joists. Standard helical BowTies are recommended when installing into joist ends.

Standard BowTie installation involves driving one end of a self-tapping, stainless steel, helical tie through the wall and into the endon joist to a minimum depth of 75mm. Depending on the circumstances, the tie may be either dry fixed into the wall or bonded into it with resin. The BowTie HD design includes a 12mm diameter threaded bar with a self-cutting end for easy installation. Installation involves drilling a clearance hole through the masonry, driving the BowTie HD through the first and subsequent joists using a setting tool fitted to a drill set on rotary only and bonding the end of the tie to the wall with EpoxyPlus resin.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	Standard: Austenitic stainless steel Grade 316 as standard (Grade 304 available)
	BowTie HD: Austenitic stainless steel Grade 304
Diameter	Standard: 8.0mm standard (10.0mm available)
	BowTie HD: 12.0mm
Stock Length	Standard: Cut lengths up to 500mm
	BowTie HD: 1000mm and 1500mm
Required Length	Standard: Sufficient to penetrate minimum 75mm into joist end grain
	BowTie HD: Sufficient to penetrate 75mm into or through specified joist
Bonding agent	EpoxyPlus in masonry only

Relevant repair details: RB01 to RB06. Selected details on pages 46-47. All details available at: **www.helifix.com.au** or **www.helifix.co.nz**

22 HELIFIX

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CemTie

CemTie is a fully grouted reinforcement tie suitable for use in a variety of situations including: fractured solid masonry, bonding wall junctions, restraining separated or leaning walls, stabilising masonry arches and securing bulging solid or rubble-filled walls. CemTie installation involves bonding pre-cut lengths of HeliBar with HeliBond grout into clearance holes drilled into the affected masonry.

• CemTie plus

HeliBond grout

produces great

tensile strength

while retaining

rotational flexibility

- Austenitic stainless steel tie, up to 1200mm long as standard
- Stress-free by accommodating normal structural movement
- Quick and easy installation
- Tie and grout installed simultaneously
- Ideal for overhead installations
- Cost-effective masonry repair technique Minimal disturbance to building fabric for sympathetic repairs

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	Austenitic stainless steel Grade 316 as standard (Grade 304 available)
Diameter	8.0 and 10.0mm standard
Stock Length	Cut lengths up to 1200mm
Required Length	50mm less than the materials being tied
Bonding agent	HeliBond Cementitious Grout

Relevant repair details: CS08, CS10, CS12, CS13, LR10, MA01, MA06, RF01-03, RW02, RW04 and RW05. Selected details provided in the installaton section. All details available at:

www.helifix.com.au or www.helifix.co.nz

DryLink

DryLink is for connecting HeliBar reinforcement, installed into masonry to distribute stresses and provide in-plane strength, to wall ties, installed to provide out-of-plane restraint. The system is suitable for both new build and remedial applications.

In new build, DryLink are fitted to newly installed StarTies and threaded together with HeliBar reinforcement as the outer leaf is constructed. In remedial settings, DryFix ties

are installed before the connectors are fitted and threaded together with HeliBar installed into channelled out mortar joints. HeliBond grout is used to bond the system in place.

Relevant details: SC01to SN01. Details available at: www.helifix.com.au or www.helifix.co.nz

PatchPin

PatchPin is a short stainless steel helical pin that provides a strong mechanical key when patch repairing reinforced concrete.

- One-piece, austenitic stainless steel pin
- Hi-Fin helical profile for optimal mechanical connection, without expansion, in the substrate material
- Quick and easy installation
- Helical design to ensure positive bond between the patching material and the substrate
- Can be installed straight, angled or bent
- · Requires no chemicals

Relevant repair detail: CR01, available on page 31 or at: www.helifix.com.au or www.helifix.co.nz





















24 HELIFIX

ResiTie

ResiTie is a remedial wall tie, used where a resin bond is required at both tie ends.

ResiTies are ideally suited for use in situations not otherwise suited to mechanical pinning or for use in small quantities minimising specialised tooling requirements.

ResiTies are easy to install and engineered from austenitic stainless steel, Grade 316 as standard. They are suitable for use in cavity and solid masonry construction. Installation involves bonding a ResiTie into a pre-drilled clearance hole with EpoxyPlus resin.



PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	Austenitic stainless steel Grade 316 as standard (Grade 304 available)
Diameter	8.0mm standard (10.0mm available)
Stock Length	Standard and cut lengths up to 500mm
Required Length	Minimum 3/4 of near leaf thickness + cavity width + minimum 55mm far leaf penetration
Bonding agent	EpoxyPlus
Characteristic Performance*	Earthquake Medium Duty, for cavity 75mm AS/NZS2699. I Type B Classification (8.0mm Tie)
*REFERENCE	Remedial Wall Tie Information Sheet

Relevant repair detail: RT03. Installation detail on page 52 or at: **www.helifix.com.au** or **www.helifix.co.nz**

RetroTie

RetroTie is a stainless steel remedial wall tie which offers an inner leaf mechanical fixing and a resin bond in the outer leaf. It is effective in all common building materials.

- Remedial wall tie for situations where a dry/epoxy resin combination fixing is required
- Seismic retrofit of masonry walls
- Mechanical fixing, without expansion, in the far leaf
- Hi-Fin helical profile for optimal mechanical connection in the far leaf and optimal resin bond in the near leaf
- One-piece, austenitic stainless steel tie
- Far leaf security of fixing easily proof tested
- Multiple drip points prevent cross-cavity water transfer



PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	Austenitic stainless steel Grade 316 as standard (Grade 304 available)
Diameter	8.0mm standard (10.0mm available)
Stock Length	Standard and cut lengths up to 500mm
Required Length	Minimum 3/4 of near leaf thickness + cavity width + far leaf penetration depending on material, typically 70mm (Refer to Installation Detail for further instruction)
Bonding agent	EpoxyPlus in near leaf only
Characteristic Performance*	Earthquake Medium Duty, for cavity 75mm AS/NZS2699. I Type B Classification (8.0mm Tie)
*REFERENCE	Remedial Wall Tie Information Sheet

Relevant repair detail: RT02. Installation detail on page 51 or at: **www.helifix.com.au** or **www.helifix.co.nz**

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StarTie

StarTie is a wall tie for new build cavity and veneer construction. StarTies are quick and easy to install and engineered from austenitic stainless steel Grade 316 as standard. StarTies conform to Australasian standard AS/NZS2699 and cover durability classifications R2, R3 and R4.

- New build cavity and veneer wall construction
- Connecting a new masonry leaf to an existing wall or frame
- Securing a new wall, wall extension or section to an existing wall
- Stainless steel, self-tapping, one-piece tie
- Multiple drip points prevent cross-cavity water transfer
- Excellent stress free mechanical connection and mortar bond
- Can be installed through insulation without significantly adversely affecting its thermal performance

CHARACTERISTIC MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Grade of Stainless Steel*	Diameter (mm)	Length* (mm)	Cross Sectional Area (mm ²)	Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)	UTS (kN)	0.2% Proof Stress (MPa)	Shear Strength (Averaged) (MPa)	Product Code
ASTM 316	8.0	50 — 400	10.0	1100	11.4	860	700	HST80

*NOTE Other lengths and Grade 304 stainless steel option available on request.

CHARACTERISTIC PERFORMANCE DATA

AS/NZS2699.1 Type A and Type B Classifications (8.0mm Tie)*

Specimen Detail	Test Type (Connection type)	Cavity Width (mm)	Tension (kN)	Comp- ression (kN)	Classification
	Type A Cavity tie (Tie set in mortar joint at both ends)	75	1.17	1.24	Type A Classification Heavy Duty
		Axial Stiffness (kN/mm)	Axial Strength (kN)	Residual Strength (kN)	
	Type B Non-flexible veneer tie (Mortar joint / drive-in connection to timber)	0.684	1.444	1.576	Type B Classification Earthquake Medium Duty (EM), for cavity of 75mm

*REFERENCE StarTie Product Information Sheet

Relevant installation details: ST01 to ST03. Installation details on pages 59-61 or at: www.helifix.com.au or www.helifix.co.nz

TurboFast

TurboFast is a versatile, multi-purpose fixing for securing timber or MDF to aircrete, bricks, stone and concrete.

- Drives like a nail holds like a screw
- Rapid, easy, hammer or power-driven installation
- Great holding power, economical and reliable
- No splitting of blocks or timber

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	Austenitic stainless steel Grade 306 as standard (Grade 316 and carbon steel available)
Diameter	6.0mm and 8.0mm standard
Stock Length	60 — 200mm

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Render Mesh

Expanded stainless steel mesh for reinforcing finishing materials to resist cracking.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material	ASTM316
Lath	30 x 12mm
Sheet Size	1200 x 700mm 2400 x 700mm



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HeliBond

Injectable, non-shrink cementitious grout

HeliBond cementitious grout is a high performance, non-shrink, non-gassing, thixotropic cement based grout for bonding metal components into common masonrytype substrates. Suitable for injecting with a hand-operated or pneumatic applicator. Use with HeliPrimer when working with porous substrates.

HeliPrimer

Water-based primer for porous substrates

Characteristic HeliBond Data Compressive Strength 2 days 15MPa 28 days 45MPa Pot life 2 hours at 20°C PACK SIZE 3.0 and 4.5 litres REFERENCE HeliBond Product Information Sheet

Characteristic HeliPrimer Data				
Typical Coverage 10m ² per litre				
Particle size	0.2 micron			
PACK SIZE	5.0 litres			
REFERENCE HeliPrimer Product Information Sheet				

Characteristic Performance Data — CrackFix

REFERENCE Concrete Crack Injection Product

65 MPa

3.2 MPa

0.24%

250ml

25-30 mins

Compressive strength (7 days, 23°C)

Bond strength (2 days, 23°C)

Water absorption

Gel Time (at 23°C)

CARTRIDGE SIZE

Information Sheet

Concrete Crack Injection

Low viscosity epoxy resin concrete crack injection system

The system comprises CapSeal, a fast curing polyester resin for capping the crack, and CrackFix a low viscosity, sealing epoxy resin. System components are available individually and in a kit format.

- Low pressure crack injection
- Suitable for cracks ranging from 0.2mm to 6mm
- Conforms to ASTM C-881

CrackBond TE

Pure epoxy anchoring mortar

CrackBondTE is a non-shrink, pure epoxy resin that is ideal for bonding cracked masonry. Crack width 2mm-20mm.

Typical

<u> </u>	SettingTimes				
	Тетр	GelTime	Load Time		
ack Bal	5°C	150 mins	24 hrs		
	20°C	30 mins	8 hrs		
	30°C	15 mins	4 hrs		
	CARTRIDGE SIZE	250ml			
	REFERENCE CrackBond TE Product Information Sheet				

EpoxyPlus TE

Pure epoxy anchoring mortar

EpoxyPlusTE is a high performance, non-shrink, pure epoxy resin that is ideal for bonding metal components into masonry, concrete and rock.

Â	SettingTimes				
(EL LET	Тетр	GelTime	LoadTime		
DOXYPU	5°C	150 mins	24 hrs		
	20°C	30 mins	8 hrs		
1 m 15	30°C	15 mins	4 hrs		
	CARTRIDGE SIZE	250ml			
-	REFERENCE EpoxyPlus TE Product Information Sheet				



EpoxyPlus EX

Seismically-qualified, high performance chemical anchor for threaded bars and reinforcing bars

EpoxyPlus EX is a two component chemical anchoring system for threaded bars and reinforcing bars in cracked and non-cracked concrete, solid masonry, hard natural stone and solid rock.

EpoxyPlus EX has been tested in accordance with US standard AC308 for recognition under the IBC / IRC codes to resist seismic actions in Seismic Design Categories A - F.

APPLICATIONS

- Structural steel to concrete
- Rebar and starter bars
- Safety barriers, fences, racking, brackets
- Suitable for applications prone to dynamic loads and vibrations and in external environments

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Fixings close to free edges
- Anchoring without expansion pressure
- High load capacities
- Fire resistant with the use of reinforcing bars up to F240 classification

	Design Information		Linites	Nominal Threaded Rod Diameter			
	Design into	rmation	Units	M10	MI2	M20	M30
	Minimum E	Minimum Effective Installation Depth		60	70	89	127
	Maximum I	Effective Installation Depth	mm	191	254	381	635
	e Range A	Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	N/mm ²	11.92			
Temperature Range B Temperatur	Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	N/mm ²	10.06	9.72	8.67	6.60	
	re Range B	Characteristic Bond Strength in Uncracked Concrete	N/mm ²		5.	15	-
	Temperatu	Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	N/mm ²	4.34	4.20	3.75	2.85
	Temperature Range A = 20C (Max Long Term); 43C (Max Short Term) Temperature Range B = 43C (Max Long Term); 72C (Max Short Term)						

Open and Loading Times*

П

Ep

Resin Cartridge Temperature	TWork	Base Material Temperature	T Load	
+10°C to +15°C	20 mins	+10°C to +15°C	12 hours	
+15°C to +20°C	15 mins	+15°C to +20°C	8 hours	
+20°C to +25°C	I I mins	+20°C to +25°C	7 hours	
+25°C to +30°C	8 mins	+25°C to +30°C	6 hours	
+30°C to +35°C	6 mins	+30°C to +35°C	5 hours	
+35°C to +40°C	4 mins	+35°C to +40°C	4 hours	
+40°C	3 mins	+40°C	3 hours	

*REFERENCE EpoxyPlus EX Product Information Sheet





Tools and Accessories

Helifix support and installation tools, applicators and load test unit

Helifix Support and Installation Tools

Helifix manufactures a full range of tough, durable, hand-held and power-driven tools to support all our various ties and fixings during installation and enable quick and easy fixing without buckling or bending.







Load Test Unit

For use with Helifix ties and fixings, the 3kN Load Test Unit, with collet key, allows easy and accurate on-site random testing for security of fixing.

REFERENCE Load Test Unit Product Information sheet

Survey Equipment

Light-weight hand-held Metal Detector and Endoscope units for use in wall tie surveys and during general remedial work to locate the presence of pipes, cables and fixings.

Hole Cleaning

Brushes for cleaning a wide range of hole diameters and blow-pumps are also available.

Crack Injection Accessories

Face-fix injection ports, push-fit connector, extension tubing and static mixer nozzles are all available



HeliBond Applicators

Manual applicator for HeliBond and low viscosity pointing and grouting materials.

Standard: 12:1 HeliBond CS applicator trigger ratio Options: 18:1 HD trigger ratio; Pneumatic operation

Accessories: 6.0mm Stainless steel pointing nozzle (pictured); 12.7mm diameter and 15.1mm diameter steel pinning nozzles for CemTie installation

Spare Parts: Barrel; Cone Nozzle; Rubber Plunger



Resin Cartridge Applicators Manual applicator guns suitable for dual component, single-cartridge, side-by-side cartridge, low, medium and high viscosity materials.

Standard Single-Cartridge: 11:1 trigger ratio

Single-Cartridge Option: 26:1 trigger ratio

Standard Side-by-Side: 18:1 trigger ratio

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28

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Brick and Mortar Saw

Helifix stock the Arbortech Brick and Mortar Saw. The saw uses a unique patented orbital cutting motion with two forward facing blades that combine to perform both a hammering and cutting action. The Arbortech design allows for clear visibility and the ability to cut deep (up to 170mm depending on blade), dry and safely.

Crinders

125mm, 180mm and 230mm Grinders

Helifix stock leading brand 125mm, 180mm and 230mm grinders. Used for cutting slots into masonry and concrete grinding. Use with C-TEC (pictured) and G-TEC dust guards and shrouds, and TV50 dust control vacuum for best results.



Helifix stocks a range of quality, electric

Electric Drills

rotary percussion and rotary hammer drills for drilling holes and installing Helifix ties and fixings into masonry. We also stock a comprehensive range of drill bits and bespoke drill extension tools, for SDS plus, SDS Max and rotary percussion drills, to ensure the rapid, trouble-free and correct installation of all our ties and fixings. Drill bits are available in various diameters and lengths up to 1350mm.



Technical Specifications			
Model No.	TV50		
Electrical Rating	1400W		
Insulation	Double Insulated		
NetWeight	19kg		
Height x Weight x Length (mm)	1095 x 405 x 460		
Filter Area	l m²		
Effective	>99%		
Noise Level	75dB		
Max.Airflow	170m³/h		
Max. neg. Pressure	22kPa		
Standard Hose	38mm x 5m		
Use With	C-TEC & G-TEC		
SOURCE PWM (Sales) Ltd			

Dust Control Vacuum

The TV50 is a high efficiency dust collection system that has been specifically designed to meet the needs of users of hand held power tools and builders and contractors involved with restoration work.

The TV50 features a 1400W motor, a superior filter and a unique filter cleaning mechanism that guarantees continuous performance and productivity. Fitted to a welded steel chassis, and moulded from impact and abrasion resistant materials, the TV50 is portable and built to withstand years of hard on-site use.



C-Tec Dust Control Cuard

C-Tec dust control guards ensure dust free concrete cutting, chasing and brick raking / pointing. C-Tec comprise a one-piece welded steel body, a depthadjustable stainless steel skid, and a custom designed clamping mechanism for an accurate and secure fit.



C-Tec Crinder Cowl

G-Tec grinding cowls ensure dust free grinding, sanding and polishing. G-Tec incorporate an aluminium clamp, machined to be an exact fit for specific grinder models, and a moulded polyurethane shroud that is flexible in construction, and designed to accommodate changing grinder disk height and uneven surfaces.

Drill Bits

Selected Sizes (Percussion, SDS Plus and SDS Max Type bits)

	,	
Туре	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)
Perc.	5	275
Perc.	5	400
Perc.	6	400
Perc.	6	600
Perc.	6.5	400
Perc.	6.5	600
Perc.	7	400
Perc.	8	400
SDS+	5	160
SDS+	5	310
SDS+	6	160
SDS+	6	460
SDS+	6.5	110
SDS+	6.5	400
SDS+	7	160
SDS+	7	400
SDS+	8	160
SDS+	8	460
SDS+	10	450
SDS+	10	600
SDS+	10	900
SDS+	12	450
SDS+	12	600
SDS+	12	1000
SDS+	14	450
SDS+	14	600
SDS+	14	1000
SDS+	16	450
SDS+	16	600
SDS+	16	1000
SDS+	18	450
SDS+	18	600
SDS+	18	1000
SDS Max	18	1350
SDS Max	20	520
SDS Max	20	920
SDS Max	20	1350
SDS Max	22	520
SDS Max	25	520
SDS Max	25	920
SDS Max	25	1350
SDS Max	28	570
SDS Max	28	920
SDS Max	32	570
SDS Max	32	920
SDS Max	35	570

NOTE Working length of drill bit is normally the drill bit length less 50mm. Intermediate and larger sizes also available.

For more information please visit:

www.helifix.com.au

www.helifix.co.nz



Installation

Installation details are available for all Helifix fixings, ties, repair and reinforcing strategies. Each detail comprises drawings, method statement and recommended tooling. The complete Helifix portfolio includes over 100 standard specifications covering crack stitching, wall tie retrofit, masonry arch and parapet repair, wall connection, masonry beam creation and more.

The following pages provide selected Helifix installation details. A full list of installation instructions, can be found and downloaded at: www.helifix.com.au/downloads and www.helifix.co.nz/downloads





Product	Description	Code
PatchPin	Stainless steel pin for concrete patching	HPP

- Clean the area to be patched. Remove all loose material and leave the surface ready to accept the patching material in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 2. Clean and treat any exposed, embedded steel.
- 3. Drill 6.5mm diameter holes into the concrete to the specified depth and at the specified spacing using an SDS rotary hammer drill.*
- 4. Fit the PatchPin support tool over the drill bit.
- 5. Load the PatchPin into the support tool.
- 6. Drive the PatchPin into the pre-drilled pilot hole with the SDS rotary hammer drill set to hammer only. Ensure that the outer end of the pin will be below the face of the concrete patch the pin can be bent, if required.
- Apply the patching mortar in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the *Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation Guide* for further instruction.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING	
For drilling	her drill
For installation of PatchPinSDS rotary hammed 50/850w and PatchPin Support	her drill ort Tool

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. Pins should penetrate 30-50mm into the patched area, with harder materials requiring less penetration.
- B. Pin spacing and position may be varied to suit site conditions.
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}$. Pins are to be installed approx. 50mm from the edge of the patched area.
- D. Intermediate pins should be at 150-200mm centres. Extra pins may be used at the discretion of the engineer / site management.
- E. Pins should be applied at not less than two pins per patch.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.













Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB
CrackBond	Epoxy resin for filling cracks	HCB

- Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond.
- 2. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 5.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 4. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- 5. Inject a bead of HeliBond grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 6. Push the HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 8. Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar. The crack within the wall should be waterproofed using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler, e.g. HeliBond or CrackBond, depending on the width of the crack and the surface made good or left ready for any decoration.
- 9. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation Guide for further instruction.

SLOT DEPTH AND VERTICAL SPACINC

	Single Leaf	Solid / Multi-Leaf Masonry		
		Up to 110mm	110 to 230mm	Over 230mm
Slot Depth	25–35mm		25–40mm	25–40mm On both sides
Vertical Spacing	Every 4 brick courses (340mm approx.)			



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech
All Saw) or angle grinder with	n dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar
	nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- HeliBar diameter 6mm as standard.
- **B.** Depth of slot and slot spacing as per Depth and Spacing Guide.
- C. Height of slot to equal mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. HeliBar to be long enough to extend a minimum of 500mm either side of the crack or 500mm beyond the outer cracks if two or more adjacent cracks are being stitched using one rod.
- E. For solid masonry in excess of 230mm and in a cavity wall where both leaves are cracked, the wall must be crack stitched on both sides.
- F. Where a crack is less than 500mm from the end of a wall or an opening the HeliBar is to be continued for at least 200mm around the corner and bonded into the adjoining wall or bent back and fixed into the reveal, avoiding any DPC.
- **G.** In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slot, or priming with HeliPrimer VVB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond grout.
- H. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



ANZ

Crack stitching a rendered wall using HeliBars and HeliBond

Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB
CrackBond	Epoxy resin for filling cracks	HCB

Method Statement

- Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots through the render and into the masonry to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Ensure the masonry surfaces are clean to ensure a good bond. HeliBars and HeliBond must be installed in the masonry and never in the render.
- Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 5.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 4. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- 5. Inject a bead of HeliBond grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 6. Push the HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for making good the render.
- The crack within the wall should be waterproofed using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler, e.g. HeliBond or CrackBond, depending on the width of the crack, and the surface made good or left ready for any decoration.
- 9. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation Guide for further instruction.

SLOT DEPTH AND VERTICAL SPACING

	Single Leaf	Solid / Multi-Leaf Masonry		
		Up to 110mm	110 to 230mm	Over 230mm
Slot Depth	25–35mm + render thickness		25–40mm + render thickness	25–40mm + render thickness On both sides
Vertical Spacing	Every 4 brick courses (340mm approx.)			



For cutting slots	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech
All Saw) or angle grinder wit	h dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots .	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar
	nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. HeliBar diameter 6mm as standard.
- **B.** Depth of slot and slot spacing as per Depth and Spacing Guide.
- C. Height of slot to equal mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. HeliBar to be long enough to extend a minimum of 500mm either side of the crack or 500mm beyond the outer cracks if two or more adjacent cracks are being stitched using one rod.
- E. For solid masonry in excess of 230mm and in a cavity wall where both leaves are cracked, the wall must be crack stitched on both sides.
- F. Where a crack is less than 500mm from the end of a wall or an opening the HeliBar is to be continued for at least 200mm around the corner and bonded into the adjoining wall or bent back and fixed into the reveal, avoiding any DPC.
- **G.** In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slot, or priming with HeliPrimer VVB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond grout.
- H. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
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Stitching or strengthening corners using HeliBars and HeliBond

Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB
CrackBond	Epoxy resin for filling cracks	НСВ

Method Statement

ANZ

- I. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond. If the wall is rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through the render and into the masonry. HeliBars and HeliBond must be installed in the masonry and never in the render.
- 2. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 6.
- 3. Cut the HeliBar to the required length and bend to fit slots.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 5. Fit the mortar nozzle to the gun.
- 6. Inject a bead of HeliBond grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 7. Push the HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 9. Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar. The crack within the wall should be waterproofed using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler, e.g. HeliBond or CrackBond, depending on the width of the crack and the surface made good or left ready for any decoration.
- 10. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.







RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech h dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots .	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. HeliBar diameter 6mm as standard.
- **B.** Depth of slot into the masonry to be 25mm to 35mm.
- C. Height of slot to equal mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. HeliBar to be long enough to suit specific engineering design or extend a minimum of 500mm either side of any crack or 500mm beyond the outer cracks if two or more adjacent cracks are being stitched using one rod.
- E. Normal vertical spacing is 340mm (4 brick courses).
- F. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slot, or priming with HeliPrimer VVB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond grout.
- G. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
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 require specific technical information.



ANZ

Repair of a crack near a corner in a cavity wall using DryFix

Product	Description	Code
DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF
CrackBond	Epoxy resin for filling cracks	НСВ

Method Statement

- I. Mark the points for DryFix installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill an appropriate diameter pilot hole (typically 5mm, subject to confirmation on site) into the existing wall to the specified depth using a light-weight rotary percussion drill.*
- Attach the Helifix Power Driver Attachment to an SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and light hammer only.
- 4. Load the DryFix tie into the Power Driver Attachment.
- Support the Power Driver Attachment with one hand, while using the other to work the drill, and drive the DryFix tie into position until its outer end is recessed below the face of the near leaf by the insertion tool.
- 6. Make good all holes at the surface with matching materials. The crack within the wall should be waterproofed using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler, e.g. HeliBond or CrackBond, depending on the width of the crack and the surface made good or left ready for any decoration.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drillingRotary percussion drill 650/850w For installation of DryFixSDS rotary hammer drill 650/850w and DryFix Power Driver Attachment

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

A. DryFix ties are to be installed at a vertical spacing of 170mm (every 2 brick courses).

- **B.** DryFix ties are to extend at least 70mm past the crack.
- C. Diameter of pilot hole to be determined on site —typically 5mm. The appropriate diameter will depend on the diameter of the DryFix tie and brick density. Obtainable pull out loads can be tested using a Helifix Load Test Unit.
- D. Depth of pilot hole to be DryFix tie length + 10mm.
- E. DryFix ties are to be installed at least 25mm in from the brick edge.
- F. If cracking occurs on both elevations consider using HeliBar crack stitching around the corner (see Repair Detail CS03). If DryFix ties are to be used, they should be staggered between each elevation.

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- Product details available from Helifix.
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 require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
CemTie	Helical stainless steel pin	HCT
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB
CrackBond	Epoxy resin for filling cracks	HCB

- I. Mark the points for CemTie installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a 14mm clearance hole (16-18mm if CemTie 600mm or longer) at the required location and angle, and to the specified depth.*
- Clean out all dust from the hole and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the hole is damp or primed prior to commencing step 8.
- Attach the required length of CemTie pinning nozzle to the Helifix Pointing Gun so that the flared end of the pinning nozzle sits inside the cone.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the gun.
- 6. Pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 7. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- 8. Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the grout. Slowly withdraw the nozzle while pumping. The CemTie will be carried out with the HeliBond grout as it is forced through the nozzle. Back pressure will help to push the nozzle back out of the hole.
- 9. Make good all holes at the surface with matching materials. The crack within the wall should be waterproofed using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler, e.g. HeliBond or CrackBond, depending on the width of the crack and the surface made good or left ready for any decoration.
- 10. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For insertion of the CemTies	Helifix Pointing Gun HD with CemTie pinning nozzle

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. CemTies are to be installed perpendicular to the direction of the plane of the crack (e.g. in the horizontal plane for vertical cracks and in the vertical plane for horizontal cracks).
- B. CemTies are to start a minimum of 225mm away from the crack.
- C. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
- D. Angle of drilling to be such that the CemTies will pass through the crack within the centre third of the wall.
- E. CemTies are to start from alternate sides of the crack and to be at 225mm spacing measured along the length of the crack.
- F. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the hole, or priming with HeliPrimer VVB, should be carried out just prior to inserting the CemTie.
- G. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
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 require specific technical information.





ANZ CSI0

Repair of crack near a corner in a solid wall using CemTies

Product	Description	Code
CemTie	Helical stainless steel pin	HCT
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB
CrackBond	Epoxy resin for filling cracks	НСВ

Method Statement

- I. Mark the points for CemTie installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a 14mm clearance hole (16-18mm if CemTie 600mm or longer) through the outer wall to the required depth.*
- Clean out all dust from the hole and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the hole is damp or primed prior to commencing step 8.
- Attach the required length of CemTie pinning nozzle to the Helifix Pointing Gun so that the flared end of the pinning nozzle sits inside the cone.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the gun.
- 6. Pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 7. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- 8. Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the grout. Slowly withdraw the nozzle while pumping. The CemTie will be carried out with the HeliBond grout as it is forced through the nozzle. Back pressure will help to push the nozzle back out of the hole.
- 9. Make good all holes at the surface with matching materials. The crack within the wall should be waterproofed using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler, e.g. HeliBond or CrackBond, depending on the width of the crack and the surface made good or left ready for any decoration..
- 10. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drillingSDSrotar	y hammer drill 650/850w
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For mixing HeliBondDrill with mixing paddle For injection of HeliBond into slotsHelifix Pointing Gun HD with CemTie pinning nozzle

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. CemTies are to be installed at a maximum vertical spacing of 425mm.
 B. CemTies are to extend an equal distance, and typically to not more than 500mm, either side of the crack.
- C. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
- **D.** Ensure the CemTies are installed into solid brick and not the mortar joints or loose rubble within the wall.
- E. If cracking occurs on both elevations consider using HeliBar crack stitching around the corner. If CemTies have to be used, they should be staggered between each elevation.
- F. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the hole, or priming with HeliPrimer VVB, should be carried out just prior to inserting the CemTie.
- G. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* If the wall is plastered/rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through any plaster/render and into the masonry. Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond.
- 2. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 5.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 4. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- Inject a bead of HeliBond cementitious grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 6. Push the first 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- 7. Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar.
- 8. Push the second 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a third bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 10. Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar.
- 11. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slotsChisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech All Saw) or angle grinder with dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum For mixing HeliBondDrill with mixing paddle For injection of HeliBond into slotsHelifix Pointing Gun with mortar nozzle For smoothing pointingStandard finger trowel

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. A minimum of two HeliBars should be installed into each cut slot.
- **B.** Depth of slot into the masonry to be 40mm to 55mm + the thickness of any plaster or render.
- C. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
 D. If HeliBars are to be joined in a straight run, overlap the bars by a minimum of 500mm.
- E. Top and bottom reinforcements should be positioned as far apart as practicable, up to a maximum distance equivalent to 10 brick courses (approx. 850mm).
- F. Any fractures in the masonry within the 'beam zone' MUST be stabilised by crack stitching (see Repair Detail CS01), CrackBond or masonry replacement.
- G. Any missing or very poor quality masonry MUST be replaced.
- H. Multiple Helibeams should be installed starting at the top and working down to the bottom.
- In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slot, or priming with HeliPrimer WB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond grout.
- J. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



ANZ

Creating a masonry beam in solid, multi-leaf masonry using HeliBars

Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

Method Statement

- I. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* If the wall is plastered/rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through any plaster/render and into the masonry. Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond.
- Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 5.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 4. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- Inject a bead of HeliBond cementitious grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 6. Push the first 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- 7. Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar.
- 8. Push the second 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a third bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 10. Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar.
- II. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum	
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle	
For injection of HeliBond into slots Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar		
	nozzle	

For smoothing pointingStandard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. A minimum of two HeliBars should be installed into each cut slot.
- **B.** Depth of slot into the masonry to be 55mm to 70mm + the thickness of any plaster or render.
- C. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. If HeliBars are to be joined in a straight run, overlap the bars by a minimum of 500mm.
- E. Top and bottom reinforcements should be positioned as far apart as practicable, up to a maximum distance equivalent to 10 brick courses (approx. 850mm).
- F. Any fractures in the masonry within the 'beam zone' MUST be stabilised by crack stitching (see Repair Detail CS01), CrackBond or masonry replacement.
- G. Any missing or very poor quality masonry MUST be replaced.
- H. Install Helifix remedial wall ties if existing ties are defective in any way. Refer to Repair Details RT01–03 for details on Helifix remedial tie installation.
- I. Multiple Helibeams should be installed starting at the top and working down to the bottom.
- J. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slot, or priming with HeliPrimer WB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond grout.
- K. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

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- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* If the wall is plastered/rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through any plaster/render and into the masonry. Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond.
- 2. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot are damp or primed prior to commencing step 5.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 4. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- Inject a bead of HeliBond cementitious grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 6. Push the first 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- 7. Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar.
- 8. Push the second 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a third bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 10. Repeat steps 5 to 9 for remaining slots.
- 11. Point up the remaining slots with a suitable matching mortar.
- 12. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech
All Saw) or angle grinder with	dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar
	nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. Depth of slot into masonry to 40mm to 55mm.
- B. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- C. Top and bottom reinforcements should be positioned as far apart as practicable, up to a maximum distance equivalent to 10 brick courses (approx. 850mm).
- D. HeliBar to be long enough to extend a minimum of 500mm beyond each side of the opening.
- E. Any fractures in the masonry within the 'beam zone' MUST be stabilised by crack stitching (see Repair Detail CS01), CrackBond or masonry replacement.
- F. Any missing or very poor quality masonry MUST be replaced.
- G. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slots and holes, or priming with HeliPrimer WB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



ANZ

Stabilising brick arch lintels using HeliBars and CemTies

Product	Description	Code
CemTie	Helical stainless steel pin	HCT
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* If the wall is plastered/rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through any plaster/render and into the masonry. Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond.
- Mark the positions for the CemTie holes on the underside of the soldier course.
- 3. Drill 14mm clearance holes (16-18mm if CemTie 600mm or longer) at the required angle and to the specified depth.* The angle of drilling should be such that the hole will pass behind the lower HeliBars and penetrate at least 50mm into the course of masonry above the reinforcing.
- 4. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and holes and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot and holes are damp or primed prior to commencing steps 7 and 15.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 6. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- Inject a bead of HeliBond cementitious grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 8. Push the first 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- 9. Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar.
- 10. Push the second 6mm HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- Inject a third bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 12. Repeat steps 7 to 11 for the lower slot.
- Attach the required length of CemTie pinning nozzle to the pointing gun and pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 14. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the CemTie and grout.
- 16. Repeat steps 13 to 15 for each hole.
- 17. Make good the CemTie holes and point up the remaining slots with a suitable matching mortar.
- 18. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech n dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For drilling	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For insertion of the CemTies	Helifix Pointing Gun HD with CemTie pinning nozzle
For injection of HeliBond into slots For smoothing pointing	Pointing Gun with mortar nozzle Standard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

- The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:
- A. Depth of slot into masonry to 40mm to 55mm.
- B. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- C. Top and bottom reinforcements should be positioned as far apart as practicable, up to a maximum distance equivalent to 10 brick courses (approx. 850mm).
- D. HeliBar to be long enough to extend a minimum of 500mm beyond each side of the opening.
- E. Any fractures in the masonry within the 'beam zone' MUST be stabilised by crack stitching (see Repair Detail CS01), CrackBond or masonry replacement.
- Any missing or very poor quality masonry MUST be replaced.
- **G.** CemTie length to be sufficient to penetrate at least 50mm into the course of masonry above the reinforcement.
- H. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
- In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slots and holes, or priming with HeliPrimer, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond.
- J. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

GENERAL NOTES

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
CemTie	Helical stainless steel pin	HCT
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Mark the points for CemTie installation onto the underside of the arch.*
- 2. Drill a clearance hole at the required location and to the specified depth and diameter.*
- Clean out all dust from the holes and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the hole is damp or primed prior to commencing step 8.
- Attach the required length of CemTie pinning nozzle to the Helifix Pointing Gun so that the flared end of the pinning nozzle sits inside the cone.
- 5. Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the gun.
- 6. Pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 7. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- 8. Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the grout. Slowly withdraw the nozzle while pumping. The CemTie will be carried out with the HeliBond grout as it is forced through the nozzle. Back pressure will help to push the nozzle back out of the hole.
- 9. Make good all holes at the surface with matching materials.
- 10. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. If there is a lot of movement in the arch then the ties will have to be installed in phases. After each phase the ties should be left for 24 hours for the grout to achieve initial set. After 24 hours continue with the next phase.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For insertion of the CemTies	Helifix Pointing Gun HD with
	CemTie pinning nozzle

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. Place CemTies on a staggered 450mm x 450mm grid. Any loose bricks should also be pinned. Refer to Repair Details MA06 or MA07.
- B. CemTie length to be sufficient to penetrate at least 75mm into sound brickwork.
- C. Clearance hole diameter to be:

CemTie Length	Up to 600mm	600 to 1000mm	1000 to 1200mm
Drilled Hole Diameter	I4mm	16–18mm	18mm

- D. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
- E. Where arch rings are badly delaminated and/or brickwork is very loose, the CemTies will have to be installed in phases. In this case consideration should be given to using extra ties to help stabilise the brickwork prior to installing the first phase of CemTies. Depending on the condition of the brickwork, it may be possible to use Helifix DryFix ties for this purpose.
- F. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the hole or priming with HeliPrimer WB should be carried out just prior to inserting the CemTie.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
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 require specific technical information.





anz MJOI

Creating movement joints in cavity walls using HeliBars

Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Stainless steel reinforcement with debonding sleeve	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

Method Statement

- I. Mark the position on the wall for the movement joint.
- Install the specified number of appropriate Helifix wall ties adjacent to the location of the movement joint.*
- 3. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints either side of the movement joint, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond. If the wall is rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through the render and into the masonry.
- 4. Cut the movement joint to the specified width and at the required location.
- Clean out all dust and mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 8.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 7. Fit the mortar nozzle to the pointing gun.
- 8. Inject a bead of HeliBond grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- Push the 6mm Movement Tie into the grout to ensure good coverage. Ensure that no grout penetrates the sleeved section of the tie, as a small void must remain at this end of the tie to allow movement.
- Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed Movement Tie to obtain good coverage.
- 11. Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar.
- 12. Seal the joint with a suitable flexible mastic type material.
- 13. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech h dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots .	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar
	nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. Suitable Helifix wall ties to be installed on each side of the newly formed movement joint not more than 225mm back from the joint and at a maximum of 300mm vertical spacing. Refer to Repair Details ANZ RT01–03 for details on Helifix remedial tie installation.
- B. Depth of slot to accommodate the HeliBar Movement Ties to be 40mm + the thickness of any render:
- C. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. Movement Ties should extend a minimum of 200mm either side of the expansion joint.
- E. Alternate the position of the sleeve on adjacent Movement Ties.
- F. Movement Ties to be installed at a maximum 300mm vertical spacing.
- **G.** In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the hole or priming with HeliPrimer WB should be carried out just prior to inserting the CemTie.
- H. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Stainless steel reinforcement with debonding sleeve	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Mark the position on the wall for the movement joint.
- 2. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints either side of the movement joint, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond. If the wall is rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through the render and into the masonry.
- 3. Cut the movement joint to the specified width and at the required location.
- 4. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slot is damp or primed prior to commencing step 7.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- 6. Fit the mortar nozzle to the gun.
- 7. Inject a bead of HeliBond grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- Push the first 6mm Movement Tie into the grout to ensure good coverage. Ensure that no grout penetrates the sleeved section of the tie, as a small void must remain at this end of the tie to allow movement.
- Inject a second bead of grout over the exposed Movement Tie. Again, ensure that no grout penetrates the sleeved section of the tie.
- 10. Push a second 6mm Movement Tie into the grout.
- Inject a third bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed Movement Tie to obtain good coverage. Again, ensure that no grout penetrates the sleeved section of the tie.
- 12. Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar.
- 13. Seal the joint with a suitable flexible mastic type material.
- 14. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech n dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar
	nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. Allow for the installation of one HeliBar Movement Tie for each skin of brickwork into each cut slot. By example, a common 230mm solid wall construction (equivalent to two skins of tied brickwork) will require the installation of two Movement Ties per slot. A solid wall equivalent in depth to three skins of bonded masonry will require three Movement Ties assemblies per slot.
- **B.** Depth of slot to accommodate the HeliBar Movement Ties to be 70mm + the thickness of any render.
- C. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- D. Movement Ties should extend a minimum of 200mm either side of the movement joint.
- E. Alternate the position of the sleeve on adjacent Movement Ties.
- F. Movement Ties to be installed at a maximum 300mm vertical spacing.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



anz **PW02**

Parapet repairs using HeliBars and CemTies

A A A

Method Statement

- Mark the positions for the CemTie pins onto the top and face of the wall at the required spacings.*
- Drill 14mm clearance holes (16-18mm if CemTie 600mm or longer) to the specified depth.*
- 3. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond. If the wall is rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through the render and into the masonry.
- 4. Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and holes and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the slots and holes are damp or primed prior to commencing steps 9 and 11.
- Attach the required length of CemTie pinning nozzle to the Helifix Pointing Gun so that the flared end of the pinning nozzle sits inside the cone.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the gun.
- 7. Pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 8. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- 9. Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the grout. Slowly withdraw the nozzle while pumping. The CemTie will be carried out with the HeliBond grout as it is forced through the nozzle. Back pressure will help to push the nozzle back out of the hole.
- 10. Remove the pinning nozzle from the gun and fit the mortar nozzle.
- Inject a bead of HeliBond cementitious grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot.
- 12. Push the first HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- **13**. Inject a second bead of grout over the exposed HeliBar.
- 14. Push the second HeliBar into the grout to obtain good coverage.
- 15. Inject a third bead of grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- Make good all CemTies holes and point up the remaining slots with matching mortar to suit.
- 17. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

NOTE. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech h dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For drilling	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For insertion of the CemTies	Helifix Pointing Gun HD with CemTie pinning nozzle
For injection of HeliBond into slots .	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. CemTies are to be installed within the centre third of the width of the wall and at a horizontal spacing of 600mm. The ties are to extend at least 300mm into the main, or sound, part of the wall.
- B. The parapet and supporting wall should be tied into abutting or cross walls where possible.
- C. HeliBars to be installed at a depth of 35mm to 40mm (assuming 230mm solid wall) and at a maximum vertical spacing of 340mm (4 brick courses). Add 10mm depth for each 100mm of masonry thickness over the common 230mm.
- D. Height of slot to equal full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- E. If HeliBars are to be joined in a straight run, overlap the bars by a minimum of 500mm.
- F. Any fractures in the masonry within the 'beam zone' MUST be stabilised by crack stitching (see CS06), CrackBond or masonry replacement.
- G. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
 H. Any missing or very poor quality masonry MUST be replaced.
- In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slots and holes, or priming with HeliPrimer WB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



Product	Description	Code
BowTie	Grade 316 stainless steel helical wall tie	HBT
EpoxyPlus	Thixotropic pure epoxy resin	HTE

- I. Mark the positions of the joists on the external wall.
- 2. Drill the clearance holes for the BowTies (normally 12mm diameter), through the masonry only, in line with the centre of the joists.
- 3. Clean out the hole to clear any dust or debris.
- Fit the BowTie power support tool into an SDS rotary hammer drill and insert the BowTie into the support tool.
- 5. Drive the BowTie into the timber to the required depth.*
- Place the sleeve over the tie and push it to the back of the hole in the masonry (use the power support tool).
- 7. Inject Helifix EpoxyPlus resin into the hole to fill it completely.
- 8. Allow the resin to gel (normally 15 to 20 minutes).
- 9. Make good all holes at the surface with brick dust or matching mortar or leave ready for any decoration.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.









RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling and insertion of BowTie	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For installation of BowTie	BowTie support tool
For cleaning the clearance hole	Airjet and brush
For injection of EpoxyPlus resin	Applicator gun with nozzle

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- **A.** BowTie penetration into the end grain of the timber joist must be a minimum of 75mm.
- **B.** Each joist in the area of concern is to be secured with a BowTie (i.e. spacing of BowTies is to correspond with the original joist spacing).
- C. Ensure that all joists into which BowTies are to be installed are both sound and secure.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.



ANZ RB05

Tying walls to joist sides using BowTie HDs

Product	Description	Code
BowTie HD	Grade 304 stainless steel wall tie	HBT
EpoxyPlus	Thixotropic pure epoxy resin	HTE

Method Statement

- I. Mark the points for BowTie HD installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill the clearance hole (typically 16mm diameter) through the masonry to line up with the middle third of the timber joist, away from the edges.
- 3. Clean out the hole to clear any dust or debris.
- Fit the BowTie HD driver into an SDS hammer drill, set to rotary only, and insert the BowTie HD into the driver.
- Screw the BowTie HD through the first and second joists (and the third if specified). When the BowTie HD is between joists, take care to avoid 'whip'.
- Place the sleeve over the tie and push it to the back of the hole in the masonry with the BowTie Injection Tube.
- 7. Inject Helifix EpoxyPlus resin into the hole to fill it completely.
- 8. Allow the resin to gel (normally 15 to 20 minutes).
- Make good all holes at the surface with brick dust or matching mortar or leave ready for any decoration.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall, floor or ceiling cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling and insertion of BowTie HD	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For installation of BowTie HD	BowTie HD Driver
For cleaning the clearance hole	Airjet and brush
For injection of EpoxyPlus resinA	pplicator gun with nozzle

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- **A.** BowTie HD penetration into the side grain of the timber joist should be a minimum of 75mm or the tie should be driven through the joist.
- B. BowTie HD spacing to be determined by specific engineering design. The maximum horizontal spacing between BowTies is 600mm.
- C. Ensure that all joists into which BowTies are to be installed are both sound and secure.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.













Product	Description	Code
CemTie	Helical stainless steel pin	HCT
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Mark the points for CemTie insertion on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a clearance hole at the required location and to the specified depth and 2 diameter.*
- 3 Clean out all dust from the hole and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the hole is damp or primed prior to commencing step 8.
- 4. Attach the required length of CemTie Pinning Nozzle to the Helifix Pointing Gun so that the flared end of the pinning nozzle sits inside the cone.
- 5. Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the gun.
- 6. Pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 7. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the grout. 8 Slowly withdraw the nozzle while pumping. The CemTie will be carried out with the HeliBond grout as it is forced through the nozzle. Back pressure will help to push the nozzle back out of the hole.
- 10. Make good the entry hole with matching materials.
- II. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.









RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For insertion of the CemTies	Helifix Pointing Gun HD with
	CemTie pinning nozzle

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. CemTies are to be installed at a minimum density of approx. 2.8 ties/m2 (approx. 600mm horizontal and 600mm vertical spacing).
- Β. The density is to be increased around openings with ties placed at a maximum 300mm vertical spacing and 225mm back from the opening.
- C. CemTie length should equal 50mm less than all the materials being tied.
- D. Clearance hole diameter to be:

CemTie Length	Up to 600mm	600 to 1000mm	1000 to 1200mm
Drilled Hole Diameter	I4mm	16–18mm	18mm

- E. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
- In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to F. prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the hole should be carried out just prior to inserting the CemTie.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.







Product	Description	Code
DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF

- I. Mark the points for DryFix insertion on the face of the wall.*
- Drill an appropriate diameter pilot hole (typically 6mm, subject to confirmation on site) at a 45° angle through the panel and into the back-up material to the specified depth using an appropriate light-weight electric drill.*
- Attach the angle-faced Helifix Power Driver Attachment to an SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and light hammer only.
- 4. Load the DryFix tie into the Power Driver Attachment.
- Support the Power Driver Attachment with one hand, while using the other to work the drill, and drive the DryFix tie into the pre-drilled pilot hole to approximately 2mm beyond the surface of the panel.
- 6. If required, place masking tape around the hole to protect the surface of the render/panel from resin spillage. Place the end of the nozzle of the resin applicator firmly against the hole in the panel. Cloth may also be wrapped around the nozzle to help seal the opening during injection and protect the wall face from resin spillage.
- Pump the resin applicator to inject Helifix EpoxyPlus resin into the hole.The resin will track down the tie, following its helical profile.Allow the resin to track to a depth of approximately 20mm into the panel.
- Make good the hole by pasting a small amount of panel drillings over the wet resin.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to minimise the risk of cracking the panel.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	Rotary percussion drill 650/850w
For installation of DryFix	
650/850W 2	Applicator gup with pozzla
For injection of epoxyFlus resin	

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- **A.** DryFix spacings and positions may be varied at the discretion of the specifier to suit site conditions.
- B. DryFix ties to be 70mm (subject to confirmation on site).
- C. Depth of pilot hole to be DryFix tie length + 10mm (subject to confirmation).

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF

- I. Mark the points for DryFix installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) through the near leaf and into the back-up substrate to the specified depth using a rotary percussion 3-jaw-chuck drill.*
- 3. Fit the Power Driver Attachment to a light-weight SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and hammer only.
- 4. Load the DryFix tie into the Power Driver Attachment.
- Support the Power Driver Attachment with one hand, while using the other to work the drill, and drive the DryFix tie into position until its outer end is recessed below the face of the near leaf by the insertion tool.
- 6. Make good the entry hole with matching materials.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the *Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation* Guide for further instruction.

DRILLING CUIDE

Near Leaf Material	Far Leaf Material	Near Leaf Pilot (mm)	Far Leaf Pilot (mm)	Far Leaf Penetration (mm)
Clay Brick	Aircrete	5–6	None	75–90
Clay Brick	Timber Stud	5–6	None (5–6 in hard wood)	55
Clay Brick	Clay Brick	5–6	5–6	70
Clay Brick	Concrete Block	5–6	5–6	70
Clay Brick	Concrete	6	6–6.5 (May require an Asymmetric tie)	35

NOTE. The smallest possible diameter pilot hole should be used wherever possible. All figures quoted are indicative dependent on the exact nature of the substrate. Testing may be undertaken on site using the Helifix Load Test unit.







RECOMMENDED TOOLING

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. DryFix are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- **B.** Diameter of pilot hole to be determined on site —typically 5mm. The appropriate diameter will depend on the diameter of the DryFix tie and the density of the near and far leaf materials. Obtainable pull out loads can be tested using a Helifix Load Test Unit.
- C. Depth of pilot hole to be DryFix tie length + 10mm.
- D. DryFix length to equal:
 - Near leaf thickness less 10mm + cavity width + far leaf penetration depending on material, typically 70mm
- Refer to the Drilling Guide for further guidance.
- E. Ties may be installed from either side of the wall.
- F. Wherever possible, ties should be installed directly into the masonry, but they may also be driven into the mortar provided that this is strong and in good condition.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
RetroTie	Stainless steel helical remedial wall tie	HRT
EpoxyPlus	Thixotropic pure epoxy resin	HTE

- I. Mark the points for RetroTie installation on the face of the wall.*
- 2. Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) through the near leaf and to the required depth into the back-up substrate.*
- 3. Widen the hole through the near leaf to 12mm diameter.
- 4. Clean the hole of spoil using a brush and airjet.
- 5. Fit the support tool to a light-weight SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and hammer only.
- 6. Load the RetroTie into the support tool, insert through the near leaf, and drive home into the back-up substrate.
- 7. Place the end of the nozzle of the resin applicator over the exposed end of the RetroTie in the near leaf. Masking tape may be placed around the hole to protect the surface of the wall from resin spillage. Cloth may also be wrapped around the nozzle to help seal the opening during injection and protect the wall face from spillage.
- 8. Inject resin until the hole is filled.
- 9. Allow the resin to cure and make good.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.

DRILLING CUIDE

Far Lea	f Material	Far Leaf Pilot (mm)	Penetration into Far Leaf (mm)
Aircrete	e	None	75–90
Timber	Stud	None	55
Clay Bri	ick	5–6	70
Concre	te Block	5–6	70
Concre	to	6_6 5	35

NOTE. The smallest possible diameter pilot hole should be used wherever possible. All figures quoted are indicative dependent on the exact nature of the substrate. Testing may be undertaken on site using the Helifix Load Test unit.

GENERAL NOTES

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	Rotary percussion drill 650/850w
For cleaning the clearance hole	Air jet and brush
For injection of EpoxyPlus resin	Applicator gun with nozzle
For installation of RetroTie	SDS rotary hammer drill
	650/850w and Support Tool

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. RetroTies to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- B. Diameter of pilot hole to be determined on site typically 5mm. The appropriate diameter will depend on the diameter of the RetroTie and the density of the far leaf material. Obtainable pull out loads can be tested using a Helifix Load Test Unit.
- B. Depth of pilot hole to be RetroTie length + 10mm.
- C. RetroTie length to equal:
 - Minimum 3/4 of near leaf thickness + cavity width + far leaf penetration depending on material, typically 70mm
- Refer to the Drilling Guide for further guidance.
- D. Ties may be installed from either side of the wall.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.





Product	Description	Code
ResiTie	Stainless steel helical remedial wall tie	HRS
EpoxyPlus	Thixotropic pure epoxy resin	HTE

- I. Mark the points for ResiTie insertion on the face of the wall.*
- 2. Drill a 10–12mm diameter clearance hole through the near masonry leaf and into the back-up substrate to the specified depth.*
- 3. Clean the hole of spoil using a brush and airjet.
- Push the nozzle of the EpoxyPlus resin applicator through the near leaf and into the clearance hole in the back-up substrate.
- Pump the applicator to inject resin into the hole in the back-up substrate. Inject resin until the hole is filled completely.
- 6. Push the ResiTie through the clearance hole in the near masonry leaf and wind the tie into the resin-filled hole in the back-up substrate.
- 7. Place the end of the nozzle of the resin applicator over the exposed end of the ResiTie in the near leaf. Masking tape may be placed around the hole to protect the surface of the wall from resin spillage. Cloth may also be wrapped around the nozzle to help seal the opening during injection and protect the wall face from resin spillage.
- 8. Inject resin until the hole is filled.
- 9. Allow the resin to cure and make good.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	Rotary percussion drill 650/850w
For cleaning the clearance hole	Air jet and brush
For injection of EpoxyPlus resin	Applicator gun with nozzle

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. ResiTie are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- B. Depth of clearance hole to be ResiTie length + 10mm.
- C. ResiTie length to equal:

Minimum 3/4 of near leaf thickness + cavity width + minimum 55mm far leaf penetration

- D. Ties may be installed from either side of the wall.
- E. Ties may be installed into the bed joints or directly into the masonry to suit site conditions, engineering and architectural requirements.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

GENERAL NOTES

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.











NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.





Product	Description	Code
Asymmetric DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF

- I. Mark the points for DryFix installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) through the near leaf and into the back-up substrate, to the predetermined depth, using a rotary percussion 3-jaw-chuck drill.*
- Fit the Power Driver Attachment to a light-weight SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and hammer only.
- 4. Load the wider section of the DryFix tie into the Power Driver Attachment.
- Support the Power Driver Attachment with one hand, while using the other to work the drill, and drive the DryFix tie into position until its outer end is recessed below the face of the near leaf by the insertion tool.
- 6. Make good the entry hole with matching materials.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the *Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation* Guide for further instruction.

DRILLING CUIDE

Far Leaf Material	Far Leaf Pilot (mm)	Penetration into Far Leaf (mm)
Clay Brick	5–6	70
Concrete Block	5–6	70
Concrete	6–6.5	35

NOTE. The smallest possible diameter pilot hole should be used wherever possible. All figures quoted are indicative dependent on the exact nature of the substrate. Testing may be undertaken on site using the Helifix Load Test unit.







RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drillingRotary percussion drill 650/850w For installation of DryFixSDS rotary hammer drill 650/850w and DryFix Power Driver Attachment

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. DryFix are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- B. Diameter of pilot hole to be determined on site —typically 5mm. The appropriate diameter for the far leaf will depend on the diameter of the reduced section of the Asymmetric DryFix tie and the density of the far leaf material. The diameter of the hole in the near leaf may be increased to suit the larger diameter section of the tie depending on the density of the near leaf material. Obtainable pull out loads can be tested using a Helifix Load Test Unit.
- C. Depth of pilot hole to be DryFix tie length + 10mm.
- D. DryFix length to equal:

Near leaf thickness less 10mm + cavity width + far leaf penetration depending on material, typically 70mm

Refer to the Helifix Drilling Guide for further instruction.

E. Wherever possible, ties should be installed directly into the masonry, but they may also be driven into the mortar provided that this is strong and in good condition.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

GENERAL NOTES

Product details available from Helifix.

• Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.



52



Product	Description	Code
DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF

- I. Mark the points for DryFix insertion on the face of the wall.*
- 2. Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) into the masonry to the specified depth using a rotary percussion 3-jaw-chuck drill.*
- Fit the Power Driver Attachment to a light-weight SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and hammer only.
- 5. Load the DryFix tie into the Power Driver Attachment.
- 6. Support the power driver attachment with one hand, while using the other to work the drill, and drive the DryFix tie into position until its outer end is recessed below the face of the near leaf by the insertion tool.
- 7. Make good the entry hole with matching materials.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	Rotary percussion drill 650/850w
For installation of DryFix	SDS rotary hammer drill
	650/850w and DryFix Power Driver Attachment

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. DryFix are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- B. Diameter of pilot hole to be determined on site —typically 5mm. The appropriate diameter will depend on the diameter of the DryFix tie and the density of the materials. Obtainable pull out loads can be tested using a Helifix Load Test Unit.
- C. Depth of pilot hole to be DryFix tie length + 10mm.
- D. DryFix length to be sufficient to penetrate 35-70mm into the remote leaf depending on its hardness, with harder materials requiring less penetration. Typically, 70mm penetration is to be achieved when installing into common, dry-pressed or extruded brickwork.
- E. Ties may be installed from either side of the wall.

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- **GENERAL NOTES**
- Product details available from Helifix.
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NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the *Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation* Guide for further instruction.





Product	Description	Code
DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF

- I. Mark the points for DryFix insertion on the face of the wall.*
- 2. Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) through the timber using a rotary percussion 3-jaw-chuck drill with appropriate bit.*
- Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) into the masonry to the specified depth using a rotary percussion 3-jaw chuck drill with appropriate masonry bit.*
- Fit the Power Driver Attachment to a light-weight SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and hammer only.
- 5. Load the DryFix tie into the Power Driver Attachment.
- Support the power driver attachment with one hand, while using the other to work the drill, and drive the DryFix tie into the pre-drilled pilot hole to finish flush or just beyond the surface of the timber.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the *Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation* Guide for further instruction.

DRILLING CUIDE

Far Leaf Material	Far Leaf Pilot (mm)	Penetration into Far Leaf (mm)
Aircrete	None	75–90
Timber Stud	None	55
Clay Brick	5–6	70
Concrete Block	5–6	70
Concrete	6–6.5	35

NOTE. The smallest possible diameter pilot hole should be used wherever possible. All figures quoted are indicative dependent on the exact nature of the substrate. Testing may be undertaken on site using the Helifix Load Test unit.







RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drillingRotary percussion drill 650/850w For installation of DryFixSDS rotary hammer drill

650/850w and DryFix Power Driver Attachment

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

- The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:
- A. DryFix are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- **B.** Diameter of pilot hole to be determined on site —typically 5mm. The appropriate diameter will depend on the diameter of the DryFix tie and the density of the near and far leaf materials. Obtainable pull out loads can be tested using a Helifix Load Test Unit.
- C. Depth of pilot hole to be DryFix tie length + 10mm.
- D. DryFix length to equal:

Near leaf thickness less 10mm + cavity width + far leaf penetration depending on material, typically 70mm

- Refer to the Drilling Guide for further guidance
- E. Ties may be installed from either side of the wall.
- F. Wherever possible, ties should be installed directly into the masonry, but they may also be driven into the mortar provided that this is strong and in good condition.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

GENERAL NOTES

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



55



Wall tie retrofit in a steel frame veneer wall using DryFix and DryLink

Product	Description	Code
DryFix	Stainless steel dry pinning system	HDF
DryLink	Stainless steel connector	HDL

Method Statement

- I. Mark the points for DryFix insertion on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a 5mm diameter pilot hole (subject to confirmation on site) into the masonry to the specified depth using a rotary percussion 3-jaw-chuck drill.*
- 3. Fit the support tool to a light-weight SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and hammer only.
- 4. Load the DryFix tie into the support.
- 5. Drive the DryFix tie into the pre-drilled pilot hole.
- Wind the DryLink connector over the end of the tie, leaving the cross holes horizontal.
- Using the cross holes, secure the DryLink connector to the steel frame with stainless steel screws.
- 7. Inject EpoxyPlus into the connector and allow to cure.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter and to limit spalling of the near leaf as the drill breaks into the cavity.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear. Refer to the *Helifix Wall and Pinning Tie Safe Installation* Guide for further instruction.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

F

F

or drilling	Rotary percussion drill 650/850w
or installation of DryFix	SDS rotary hammer drill
	650/850w and support tool

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. DryFix are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700, NZS1170.5 and NZS4210.
- B. Depth of pilot hole to equal tie penetration, typically 70mm.
- C. DryFix length to equal: Existing length penetration + cavity width + frame connection

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you
 require specific technical information.



ANZ

Tying an internal wall to an external solid wall using HeliBars

Product	Description	Code
HeliBar	Helical stainless steel reinforcement	HBR
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

Method Statement

- I. Using an appropriate power cutting tool with vacuum attachment, cut slots into the horizontal mortar joints, to the specified depth and at the required vertical spacing.* Use a power/hand chisel or mortar saw to continue slots up to the internal corner. Ensure that as much mortar is removed as possible from the exposed brick surfaces in order to provide a good masonry/grout bond. If the wall is rendered and the mortar joints are not visible, cut the horizontal slots through the render and into the masonry.
- 2. Where the slot ends at an internal corner drill a 12mm diameter hole at an angle 150mm into the adjoining wall. If required, drill a 12mm diameter hole through to the external face of the adjoining wall and prepare an additional slot in the external face as per step 1.
- Clean out all dust and loose mortar from the slots and holes and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure that the slots are damp or primed prior to commencing steps 6 and 7.
- 4. Cut the 6mm HeliBar to the required length. If the HeliBar is not required to extend through to the external face of the adjoining wall, bend the end of the HeliBar to fit to the full depth of the hole, then remove. If the HeliBar is required to extend through to the external face, bend the bar so that a sufficient length of HeliBar extends through the hole for grouting into the external face, then remove.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the Helifix Pointing Gun.
- Inject a bead of HeliBond grout, 10-15mm deep, into the back of the slot using the mortar nozzle.
- 7. Push the HeliBar into or through the grout-filled hole and the remaining portion of bar into the grout-filled slot to obtain good coverage. Bend the bar as necessary to install any remaining HeliBar portion into the external face of the adjoining wall.
- Inject a second bead of HeliBond grout over the exposed HeliBar and iron it into the slot using a finger trowel. Inject additional HeliBond as necessary into the slot, leaving 10-15mm for new pointing.
- 9. Inject HeliBond grout or EpoxyPlus resin into the hole to fill.
- Point up the remaining slot with a suitable matching mortar and make good the crack using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler.
- 11. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For cutting slots All Saw) or angle grinder with	Chisel, mortar saw (e.g. Arbortech h dust guard (e.g. C-Tec) and vacuum
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots .	Helifix Pointing Gun with mortar
	nozzle
For smoothing pointing	Standard finger trowel

***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. Depth of slot into the masonry to be 25 to 35mm + thickness of any plaster.
- **B.** Height of slot to be equal to full mortar joint height, with a minimum of 8mm.
- **C.** HeliBar to be long enough to extend a minimum of 500mm past the crack and a minimum of 150mm into the external wall.
- D. Normal vertical spacing is 340mm (4 brick courses).
- E. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the slot, or priming with HeliPrimer WB, should be carried out just prior to injecting the HeliBond grout.
- F. Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.
- G. Pointing may be carried out as soon as is convenient after the HeliBond has started to gel. Ensure that pointing does not disturb the masonry/HeliBond connection.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.





Product	Description	Code
CemTie	Helical stainless steel pin	HCT
HeliBond	Injectable cementitious grout	HLB
HeliPrimer	Water-based primer for porous substrates	HWB

- I. Mark the points for CemTie installation on the face of the wall.*
- Drill a 16-18mm diameter clearance hole through the outer wall and to the required depth.*
- Clean out all dust from the hole and thoroughly flush with water. Where the substrate is very porous or flushing with water is inappropriate, use HeliPrimer WB. Ensure the hole is damp or primed prior to commencing step 8.
- Attach the required length of CemTie pinning nozzle to the Helifix Pointing Gun so that the flared end of the pinning nozzle sits inside the cone.
- Mix HeliBond cementitious grout thoroughly using a drill and mixing paddle and load into the gun.
- 6. Pump grout to fill the nozzle.
- 7. Wind the CemTie into the nozzle and ensure that it is fully covered in grout.
- 8. Insert the nozzle to the full depth of the drilled hole and pump the grout. Slowly withdraw the nozzle while pumping. The CemTie will be carried out with the HeliBond grout as it is forced through the nozzle. Back pressure will help to push the nozzle back out of the hole.
- 9. Make good all holes at the surface using either a mixture of sand, cement and oxide colouring to match the original surrounding brick/stone surfaces or a silicone sealant coated with brick dust or drillings. Make good the crack using an appropriate Helifix bonding agent or filler depending on the width of the crack.
- 10. Clean tools with clean, fresh water.

CAUTION. Always locate, identify and isolate any electrical, water or gas services which may be present in the wall or the wall cavities and can pose a safety risk before drilling or cutting. Always take the necessary safety precautions. Use electrical safety gloves and wear appropriate footwear and eyewear.



RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	SDSrotary hammer drill 650/850w
For mixing HeliBond	Drill with mixing paddle
For injection of HeliBond into slots	Helifix Pointing Gun HD with
	CemTie pinning nozzle

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. CemTies are to be installed at a vertical spacing of 425mm.
- B. CemTies are to extend a minimum 300mm past the crack.
- C. Depth of hole to be CemTie length + 25mm.
- D. CemTies are to be installed within the centre third of the wall.
- E. Ensure the CemTies are installed into solid brick/stone and not the mortar joints or loose rubble within the wall.
- F. In hot conditions ensure the masonry is well wetted or primed to prevent premature drying of the HeliBond due to rapid de-watering. Ideally additional wetting of the hole should be carried out just prior to inserting the CemTie.
- **G.** Do not use HeliBond when the air temperature is +4°C and falling or apply over ice. In all instances the slot must be thoroughly damp or primed prior to injection of the HeliBond grout.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.



ANZ

Tying a new masonry leaf to an existing wall using StarTies

Product	Description	Code
StarTie	Stainless steel new build wall tie	HST

Method Statement

 Drill a 5mm ø pilot hole into the existing wall to the specified depth using a light-weight rotary percussion drill.*

Wherever possible, the hole should be drilled directly into the masonry, but it may also be drilled into the exisitng mortar if this is strong and in good condition. The hole may be drilled perpendicular to the face of the wall or at an angle. This choice will be determined by the degree of alignment between the mortar joints in the existing wall and new leaf. If they are in alignment (as depicted), and the joint in the existing wall is of poor quality, then the hole should be drilled at an angle to ensure that the StarTie penetrates solid masonry.

- Attach the support tool to an SDS hammer drill set to a slow speed and light hammer only. (StarTies are self-tapping and will work themselves into the wall following the hammer action of the drill.)
- 3. Load the StarTie into the support tool.
- 4. Drive the StarTie into the pre-drilled pilot hole.
- If required, bend the exposed end of the StarTie down using the support tool so that it lies parallel to the new mortar bed.
- 6. Bed the exposed tail of the StarTie into the new mortar bed.

NOTE. Avoid leaning or pushing heavily on the drill during operation to ensure the accuracy of the hole's diameter.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drillingRotary percussion drill 650/850w For installation of StarTieSDS rotary hammer drill 650/850w and support tool

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. StarTie are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standard includes AS3700.
- B. Depth of pilot hole to equal tie penetration.
- C. StarTie length to equal:
 - Existing leaf penetration + cavity width + new leaf embedment Typically, ties should be sufficiently long to penetrate 70mm into the existing wall. Ties should be sufficiently long to extend not less than half way into the new leaf.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
- Contact Helifix if your application differs from this repair detail or you require specific technical information.















Product	Description	Code
StarTie	Stainless steel new build wall tie	HST

- Load the StarTie into the support tool fitted to a light-weight SDS hammer drill.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{2.}}$ Drive the StarTie into the timber member to the specified depth.*
- 3. Bed the exposed tail of the StarTie into the new mortar bed.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drilling	Rotary percussion drill 650/850w
For installation of StarTie	SDS rotary hammer drill
	650/850w and support tool

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. StarTie are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700 and NZS4210.
- **B.** A pilot hole, typically 3mm-5mm diameter, may be required to allow sufficient StarTie penetration when working with hard timbers.
- C. Depth of pilot hole to equal tie penetration.D. StarTie length to equal:
 - Timber penetration + cavity width + new leaf embedment Typically, ties should be sufficiently long to penetrate 50mm-70mm into the timber member. Ties should be sufficiently long to extend not less than half way into the new leaf.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

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ANZ ST03

Tying a new masonry veneer to a steel frame using StarTies and DryLink

Product	Description	Code	
StarTie	Stainless steel new build wall tie	HST	
DryLink	Stainless steel connector	HDL	

Method Statement

- Using stainless steel screws inserted through both cross holes at the end of the connector, connect the DryLink connector to the steel frame.*
- (Optional) If required, or for additional security of fixing, inject EpoxyPlus resin into the connector. Proceed immediately to step 3 to ensure the tie is fitted before the resin cures.
- 3. Wind the StarTie into the connector.
- 4. Bed the exposed tail of the StarTie into the new mortar bed.

RECOMMENDED TOOLING

For drillingRotary percussion drill 650/850w For injection of EpoxyPlus resin (optional) Applicator gun with nozzle

*SPECIFICATION NOTES

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. StarTies are to be spaced in accordance with building code requirements to suit site conditions and location. Relevant Australasian standards include AS3700 and NZS4210.
- B. StarTie length to equal: 50mm DryLink connection + cavity width + new leaf embedment Ties should be sufficiently long to extend not less than half way into the new leaf.

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
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Product	Description	Code	
HeliBar	Stainless steel reinforcement	HBR	

- Uncoil the HeliBars at least 24 hours prior to installation to ensure that they lie flat and straight.
- 2. Build up brickwork pillars to required height and leave to harden for 24 hours.
- 3. Fix formwork to support the beam between the pillars and position approx. I0mm above the brickwork to allow for the mortar which will be used to build the beam over the pillars. The formwork directly under the beam should be covered (use plastic etc) to stop mortar adhering to it. Formwork must be secure and solid yet fixed so that it can be removed easily without damaging the beam.
- 4. Lay the first course of brickwork, with the bricks laid frog up, over the full length of beam. Lay directly onto the formwork but bed into the mortar over the pillars. Ensure that ALL perp ends are FULL of mortar.
- 5. Lay a half thickness bed of mortar over the entire length of the beam.
- 6. Bed the specified number of HeliBars into the mortar, using bricks to hold them in place. The HeliBars must be straight and must extend at each end 500mm beyond the span supported by them. The number of HeliBars required will depend on the span and load carried by the Helibeam. Typically two 6mm HeliBars will be used, with each being positioned 30mm in from the brick faces.
- 7. Starting from one end, lay the second course of brickwork on to the HeliBars by laying another half thickness bed on top of the bars. This course should be well bedded in to ensure that the HeliBars are completely covered in mortar.
- Complete the courses above as normal, installing additional Helibars in any further courses as specified. It is important to ensure that the HeliBars are always fully embedded in the mortar, are not disturbed and that all perp ends in the beam are completely filled with mortar.
- 9. Ensure that the beam is kept damp for 2 to 3 days minimum.
- Leave the formwork in place for a minimum of 7 days and ensure that the beam is not disturbed during its removal.



***SPECIFICATION NOTES**

The following criteria are to be used unless specified otherwise:

- A. This detail and the associated load table relate to tied arch (concealed lintel) construction using clay masonry only. Alternative build methods and specifications may be required for the construction of lintels using concrete, AAC or any other cement-based masonry bricks or blocks which are prone to shrinkage over time.
- **B.** A reinforcement pattern which takes into account the individual circumstances and requirements, and which adheres to the guidelines provided by the SAA Masonry Code AS3700-2001, must be specified and followed for each situation involving the installation of HeliBars into new masonry. The load table presented on the following page may be used as a guide to the specification of tied arches design in accordance with the Australian masonry codes.
- **C.** The HeliBar should be embedded in the mortar of the specified courses, either 2, 3 or 4 rods per bed, as construction progresses.
- D. The beams should be built in situ and should not be moved or knocked.
- E. It is critical that the HeliBars are fully embedded in the mortar during construction. They should not be moved or loosened once the mortar has been laid.
- F. Minimum mortar strength Type M3 (C1:L1:S5) in accordance with the masonry code. Bond strength is critical and the use of air entraining agents or other additives likely to reduce bond strength is to be avoided. For increased workability of the mortar a cellulose-type thickener such as 'Dynex' may be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- G. The Helibeam must not be broken by flashings, damp-proof courses or weep holes.
- H. In high ambient temperatures (above 25°C) do the following

 a) Match the brick suction with the mortar water retention for
 maximum bond strength
 - b) Pre-wet bricks with high initial rate of absorption

The above specification notes are for general guidance only and Helifix reserves the right to amend details/notes as necessary.

- Product details available from Helifix.
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Courses above Helibars	Number of	LINTEL CLEAR SPAN (MM)				Design	Design	Ultimate			
	Depth	HeliBars	1200	1800	2400	3000	3600	3900	Moment kNm	Shear kN	Moment kNm
	(mm) Superimposed Uniformly Distributed Safe Load (kN/m)										
3	253	2	9.30	3.73	1.79	0.88	0.39	0.23	1.80	6.82	2.58
3	253	3	10.64	5.86	2.98	1.65	0.93	0.68	2.66	6.82	3.81
4	339	2	12.63	5.12	2.48	1.27	0.60	0.38	2.44	9.14	3.48
4	339	3	14.33	8.02	4.12	2.3 I	1.33	1.00	3.61	9.14	5.16
5	425	2	15.97	6.50	3.18	1.65	0.82	0.54	3.07	11.45	4.38
5	425	3	18.01	10.18	5.25	2.97	1.74	1.32	4.56	11.45	6.52
6	511	3	21.69	12.34	6.39	3.64	2.14	1.64	5.51	13.77	7.87
6	511	4	21.69	14.04	8.86	5.22	3.24	2.58	7.29	13.77	10.42
7	597	3	25.38	14.50	7.53	4.30	2.55	1.96	6.46	16.09	9.23
7	597	4	25.38	16.44	10.44	6.16	3.84	3.06	8.55	16.09	12.22
8	683	3	29.06	16.66	8.67	4.96	2.95	2.28	7.40	18.41	10.58
8	683	4	29.06	18.83	12.02	7.11	4.44	3.55	9.82	18.41	14.03
9	769	3	32.74	18.83	9.80	5.63	3.36	2.60	8.35	20.72	11.93
9	769	4	32.74	21.23	13.59	8.05	5.04	4.03	11.08	20.72	15.83
10	855	3	36.43	20.99	10.94	6.29	3.76	2.91	9.30	23.04	13.29
10	855	4	36.43	23.36	15.17	9.00	5.64	4.52	12.35	23.04	17.64

TABLE NOTES

- A. The figures presented in this table relate to the structural performance of tied arches constructed from clay masonry and designed in accordance with the Australian masonry codes. Design data have been verified by practical tests on 4.2m clear span beams carried out by the Department of Civil Engineering and Surveying at the University of Newcastle under the supervision of Professor A.W. Page.
- B. The additional benefits of continuous brickwork and loading over end supports are ignored in this design table but can result in considerable improvements in the performance of the reinforced masonry.
- C. HeliBar reinforcement contributes to the strength of the masonry in both the uncracked and cracked state. Masonry only acts as reinforced masonry when some deflection and micro cracking of the masonry has occurred, permitting the steel reinforcement to take effect. This design table limits the deflection to less than Span/300. Further reduction of deflection and micro cracking can be achieved by using additional HeliBars.
- D. For design purposes the characteristic tensile strength (fsy) of the reinforcement is taken as 700MP.
- E. Loads shown satisfy both Design Moment and Design Shear.

STANDARD MASONRY SPECIFICATION



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